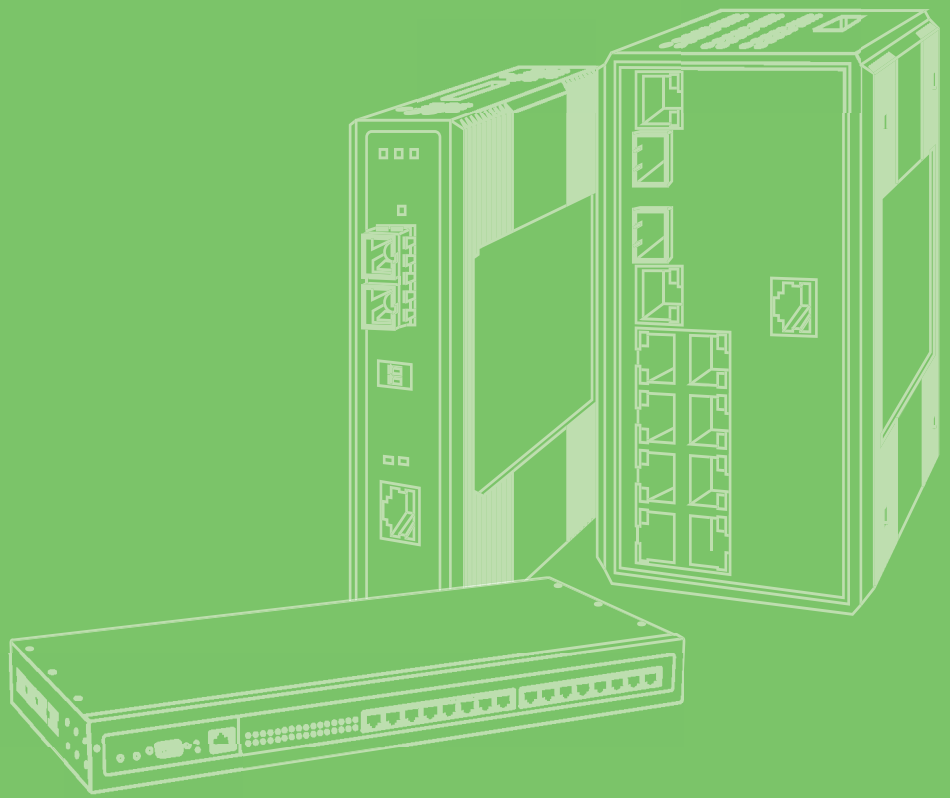


User Manual



## EKI-1360-BE Series

1/2-port RS-232/422/485 to  
802.11a/b/g/n WLAN Serial  
Device Servers

**ADVANTECH**

*Enabling an Intelligent Planet*

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## Product Warranty (5 years)

Advantech warrants to you, the original purchaser, that each of its products will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for five years from the date of purchase.

This warranty does not apply to any products which have been repaired or altered by persons other than repair personnel authorized by Advantech, or which have been subject to misuse, abuse, accident or improper installation. Advantech assumes no liability under the terms of this warranty as a consequence of such events.

Because of Advantech's high quality-control standards and rigorous testing, most of our customers never need to use our repair service. If an Advantech product is defective, it will be repaired or replaced at no charge during the warranty period. For out-of-warranty repairs, you will be billed according to the cost of replacement materials, service time and freight. Please consult your dealer for more details.

If you think you have a defective product, follow these steps:

1. Collect all the information about the problem encountered. (For example, CPU speed, Advantech products used, other hardware and software used, etc.) Note anything abnormal and list any on-screen messages you get when the problem occurs.
2. Call your dealer and describe the problem. Please have your manual, product, and any helpful information readily available.
3. If your product is diagnosed as defective, obtain an RMA (return merchandise authorization) number from your dealer. This allows us to process your return more quickly.
4. Carefully pack the defective product, a fully-completed Repair and Replacement Order Card and a photocopy proof of purchase date (such as your sales receipt) in a shippable container. A product returned without proof of the purchase date is not eligible for warranty service.
5. Write the RMA number visibly on the outside of the package and ship it prepaid to your dealer.

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# Declaration of Conformity

## CE

This product has passed the CE test for environmental specifications. Test conditions for passing included the equipment being operated within an industrial enclosure. In order to protect the product from being damaged by ESD (Electrostatic Discharge) and EMI leakage, we strongly recommend the use of CE-compliant industrial enclosure products.

## FCC Class B

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

FCC Caution: Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

### **FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement:**

1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and your body.

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## Technical Support and Assistance

1. Visit the Advantech web site at [www.advantech.com/support](http://www.advantech.com/support) where you can find the latest information about the product.
2. Contact your distributor, sales representative, or Advantech's customer service center for technical support if you need additional assistance. Please have the following information ready before you call:
  - Product name and serial number
  - Description of your peripheral attachments
  - Description of your software (operating system, version, application software, etc.)
  - A complete description of the problem
  - The exact wording of any error messages

## Warnings, Cautions and Notes

**Warning!** *Warnings indicate conditions, which if not observed, can cause personal injury!*



**Caution!** *Cautions are included to help you avoid damaging hardware or losing data. e.g.*



*There is a danger of a new battery exploding if it is incorrectly installed. Do not attempt to recharge, force open, or heat the battery. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Discard used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.*

**Note!** *Notes provide optional additional information.*



## Document Feedback

To assist us in making improvements to this manual, we would welcome comments and constructive criticism. Please send all such - in writing to:  
[support@advantech.com](mailto:support@advantech.com)

## Packing List

Before setting up the system, check that the items listed below are included and in good condition. If any item does not accord with the table, please contact your dealer immediately.

- 1 x Gateway Server
- 1 x DIN-Rail Mounting Bracket and Screws
- 1 x Wall-mounting Bracket
- 2 x Antennas

## Safety Instructions

- Read these safety instructions carefully.
- Keep this User Manual for later reference.
- This device is for indoor use only.
- Disconnect this equipment from any DC outlet before cleaning. Use a damp cloth. Do not use liquid or spray detergents for cleaning.
- For plug-in equipment, the power outlet socket must be located near the equipment and must be easily accessible.
- Keep this equipment away from humidity.
- Put this equipment on a reliable surface during installation. Dropping it or letting it fall may cause damage.
- The openings on the enclosure are for air convection. Protect the equipment from overheating. **DO NOT COVER THE OPENINGS.**
- Make sure the voltage of the power source is correct before connecting the equipment to the power outlet.
- Position the power cord so that people cannot step on it. Do not place anything over the power cord.
- All cautions and warnings on the equipment should be noted.
- If the equipment is not used for a long time, disconnect it from the power source to avoid damage by transient overvoltage.
- Never pour any liquid into an opening. This may cause fire or electrical shock.
- Never open the equipment. For safety reasons, the equipment should be opened only by qualified service personnel.
- If one of the following situations arises, get the equipment checked by service personnel:
  - The power cord or plug is damaged.
  - Liquid has penetrated into the equipment.
  - The equipment has been exposed to moisture.
  - The equipment does not work well, or you cannot get it to work according to the user's manual.
  - The equipment has been dropped and damaged.
  - The equipment has obvious signs of breakage.
- **DO NOT LEAVE THIS EQUIPMENT IN AN ENVIRONMENT WHERE THE STORAGE TEMPERATURE MAY GO  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-40^{\circ}\text{F}$ )  $\sim$   $80^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $176^{\circ}\text{F}$ ). THIS COULD DAMAGE THE EQUIPMENT. THE EQUIPMENT SHOULD BE IN A CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT.**
- The sound pressure level at the operator's position according to IEC 704-1:1982 is no more than 70 dB (A).

DISCLAIMER: This set of instructions is given according to IEC 704-1. Advantech disclaims all responsibility for the accuracy of any statements contained herein.

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## Safety Precaution - Static Electricity

Static electricity can cause bodily harm or damage electronic devices. To avoid damage, keep static-sensitive devices in the static-protective packaging until the installation period. The following guidelines are also recommended:

- Wear a grounded wrist or ankle strap and use gloves to prevent direct contact to the device before servicing the device. Avoid nylon gloves or work clothes, which tend to build up a charge.
- Always disconnect the power from the device before servicing it.
- Before plugging a cable into any port, discharge the voltage stored on the cable by touching the electrical contacts to the ground surface.

## About the Device

This device is for indoor use only.

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# Chapter 1

Introduction

# 1.1 Overview

Advantech's EKI-1360-BE Series of Industrial Device Servers are a robust, feature-rich, and cost-effective way to network-enable equipment in an industrial automation environment. The EKI-1360-BE Series provides one or two serial ports, 802.11a/b/g/n wireless LAN interface to connect any RS-232/422/485 devices to wireless LAN. These wireless serial device servers provide serial-to-wireless network connectivity as an alternative to wired Ethernet connectivity and enable virtually any serial device or equipment to be remotely accessed, controlled, monitored, or shared on an 802.11a/b/g/n wireless network.

By encapsulating serial data and transporting it over Ethernet, the EKI-1360-BE Series allows virtual serial links over Ethernet IP-based networks. After the Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility is installed, a standard serial operation calls with virtual COM port could be transparently redirected to the serial device servers, guaranteeing compatibility with legacy serial devices and enabling backward compatibility with existing software. EKI-1360-BE Series also supports serial tunneling, allowing two native serial devices to communicate over a network without any hosts or programming. As a result, you can extend a limited distance, point-to-point, direct serial connections within the plant, throughout the factory, the facility, the office building, or across the global enterprise.

The EKI-1360-BE Series provides an impressive list of features and functions enabling multiple industrial devices to be connected, controlled, configured, managed, and updated over a network. With serial ports and 802.11a/b/g/n wireless LAN, the EKI-1360-BE Series easily connects multiple serial devices to a network. The transmission speed of the EKI-1360-BE Series is up to 921.6 Kbps totally outstripping the competition to meet the demand for high-speed exchange. Functionally transparent and efficient, the EKI-1360-BE Series is specially designed for remotely controlling and monitoring devices via the Internet.

The EKI-1360-BE Series provides roaming ability. EKI-1360-BE Series can migrate from AP to AP during certain condition. In some field applications, the device can't use a fixed physical connection, such as AGV, transportation, and cross wide space communication. EKI-1360-BE Series can easily installed to fulfill this requirement. With a compact size and lightweight design, the EKI-1360-BE Series can be installed in moving vehicles without much extra wight.

Types of supported devices:

- Human Machine Interface (HMI)
- Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)
- Flow meters
- Temperature / pressure monitoring equipment
- Gas leak detection device
- Scales
- Power monitoring equipment
- Data Acquisition Modules

The EKI-136X series provides various operation modes: COM port redirection (Virtual COM port), TCP/UDP server/client mode. Serial devices can be connected by means of multi-access modes.

## 1.2 Device Features

- Supports standard Wireless 802.11a/b/g/n
- Supports MIMO 2x2 technology
- Expandable up to 4096 serial ports for one single host
- Provides 10/100/1000 Mbps auto-sensing Ethernet ports for easy diagnostic
- Supports any baud rate setting from 50 bps up to 921.6 Kbps
- Supports various operation modes: COM port redirection (Virtual COM port), TCP server/client, UDP server/client, control mode and RFC-2217 mode
- Easy to diagnostic LED indicators
- Supports multi-access features: allows maximum 5 hosts to access one serial port simultaneously
- Allows a maximum of 16 peers in TCP/UDP client mode
- Mounts on DIN rail, wall, or panel easily
- Surge protection for RS-422/485 line and power supply
- SNMP MIB-II for network management

## 1.3 Specifications

Specifications	Description	
Interface	I/O Port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ EKI-1361: 1 x RJ45 + 1 x RS-232/422/485</li> <li>■ EKI-1362: 1 x RJ45 + 2 x RS-232/422/485</li> <li>■ EKI-6333AC: 1 x RJ45</li> </ul>
	Power Connector	Terminal block
Physical	Enclosure	Metal shell with solid mounting kits
	Installation	DIN-Rail and Wall mount
	Dimensions (W x H x D)	30 x 140 x 95 mm (1.18" x 5.51" x 3.74")
LED Display	System LED	Power 1, Power 2, Status
	Port LED	■ WLAN: Quality, Link/Active
		■ LAN: Speed, Link/Active
■ Serial: Tx, Rx		
Environment	Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 75°C (-40°F ~ 166°F)
	Storage Temperature	-40°C ~ 80°C (-40°F ~ 176°F)
	Ambient Relative Humidity	10 ~ 95% RH
Wireless LAN Communications	Compatibility	IEEE 802.11a/b/g/n
	Speed	Up to 300Mbps
	Antenna	2 x Reverse SMA (supports 2T2R)
	Free Space Range	Open space 100 m
	Wireless Security	WEP, WPA/WPA2-Personal, WPA/WPA2-Enterprise
Ethernet Communications	Compatibility	IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.3u
	Speed	10/100/1000 Mbps
	Port Connector	8-pin RJ45
	Protection	Built-in 1.5 KV magnetic isolation

Specifications	Description	
Serial Communications	Port Type	RS-232/422/485, software selectable
	Port Connector	DB9 male
	Data Bits	5, 6, 7, 8
	Stop Bits	1, 1.5, 2
	Parity	None, Odd, Even, Space, Mark
	Baud Rate	50 bps ~ 921.6 kbps, any baud rate setting
	Protection	15 KV ESD for all signals
Power	Power Consumption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ EKI-1361: 8W</li> <li>■ EKI-1362: 9W</li> </ul>
	Power Input	12 ~ 48V <sub>DC</sub> , redundant dual inputs
	Software	Driver Support
Software	Utility	Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility
	Operation Modes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Access Point mode/Station mode</li> <li>■ COM port redirection mode (Virtual COM)</li> <li>■ TCP/UDP server (polling) mode</li> <li>■ TCP/UDP client (event handling) mode</li> </ul>
	Configuration	Windows utility, Telnet console, Web Browser
	Protocol	ARP, ICMP, IPv4, IPv6, TCP, UDP, BOOTP, DHCP Client, Auto IP, Telnet, DNS, SNMP, HTTP, SMTP, SNTP
	Regulatory Approvals	EMC

## 1.4 Dimensions

The following view depicts the EKI-1361.

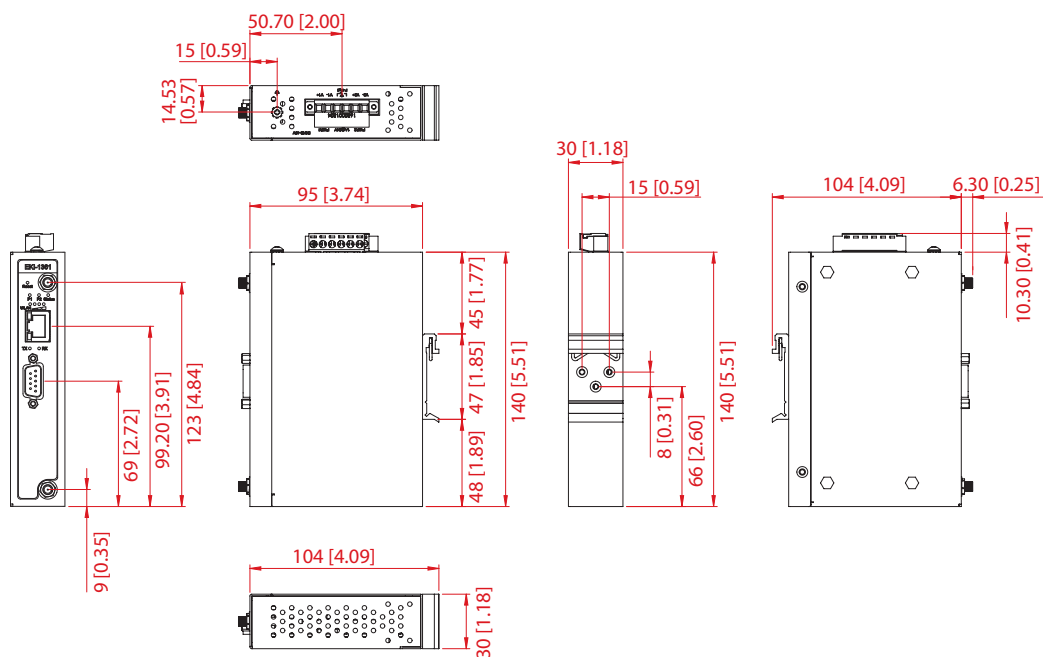
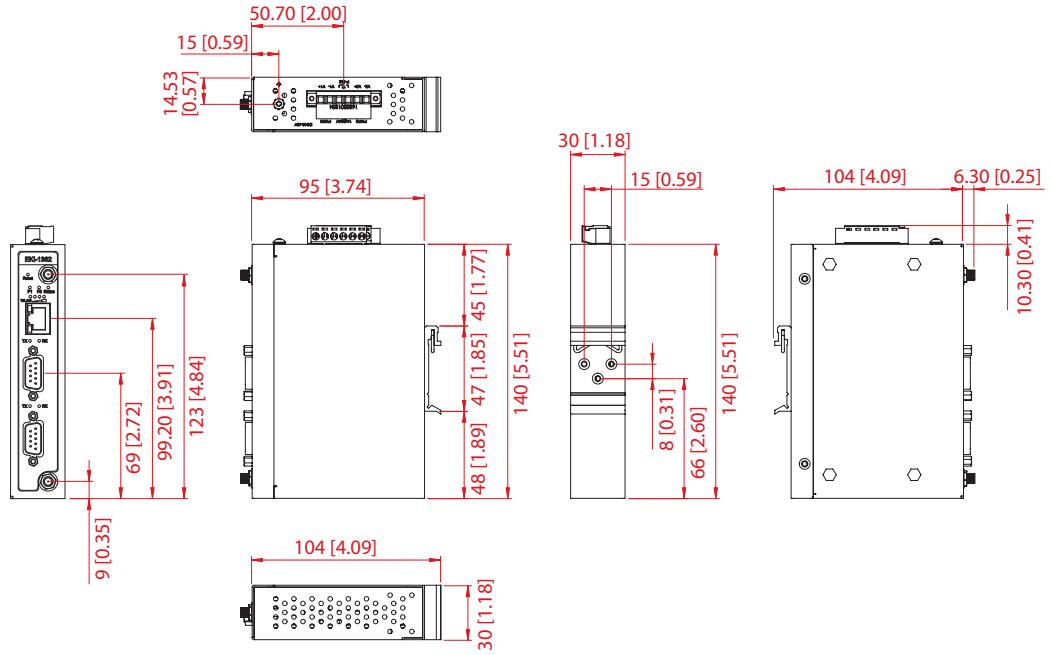


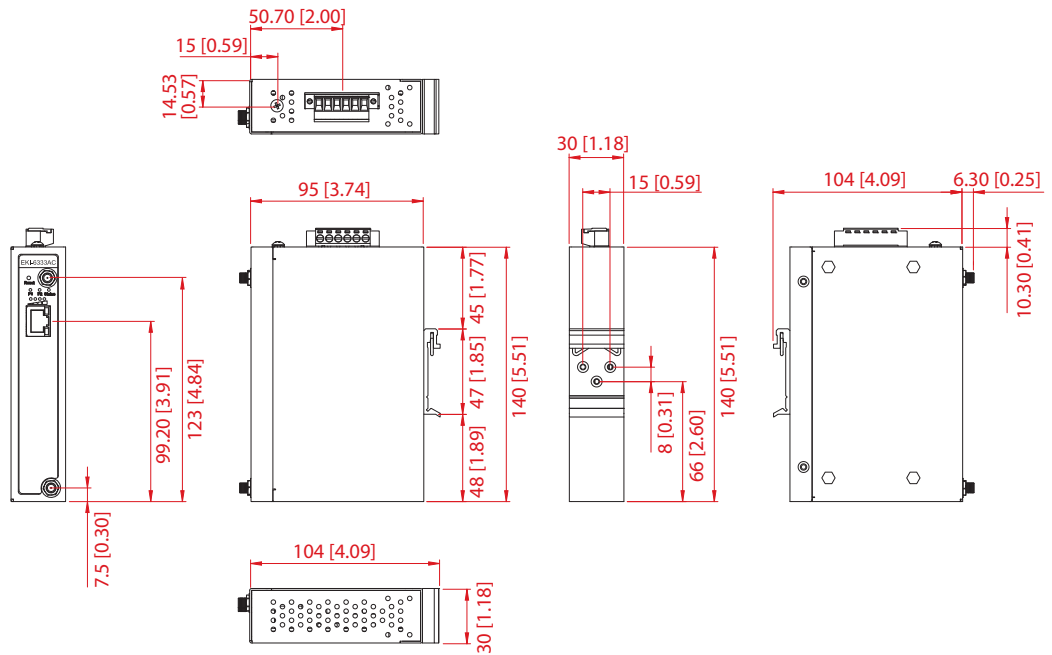
Figure 1.1 EKI-1361 Dimensions

The following view depicts the EKI-1362.



**Figure 1.2 EKI-1362 Dimensions**

The following view depicts the EKI-6333AC.



**Figure 1.3 EKI-6333AC Dimensions**



# Chapter 2

Getting Started

## 2.1 Hardware

### 2.1.1 Front View

The following view shows the EKI-1361.

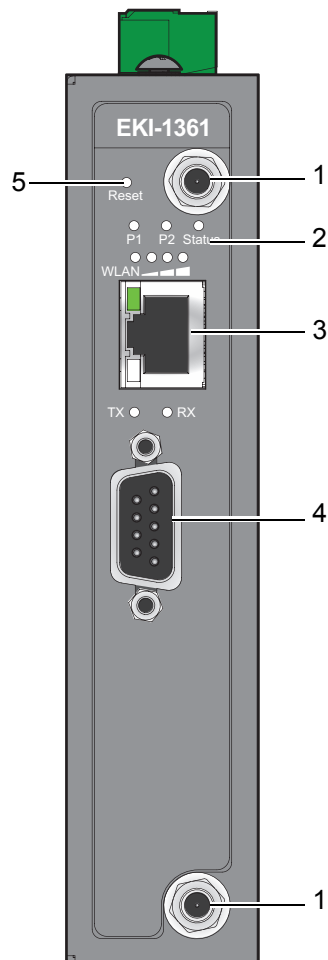
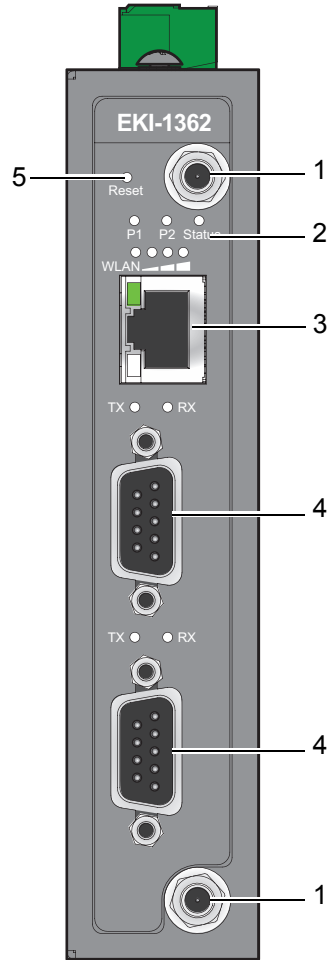


Figure 2.1 EKI-1361 Front View

No.	Item	Description
1	Antenna connector	Connector for antenna.
2	System LED panel	See "LED Indicators" on page 11 for further details.
3	ETH port	RJ45 ports x 1.
4	Serial port	DB9 pinout, supports RS-232/422/485.
5	Reset button	Button allows for system soft reset or factory default reset.

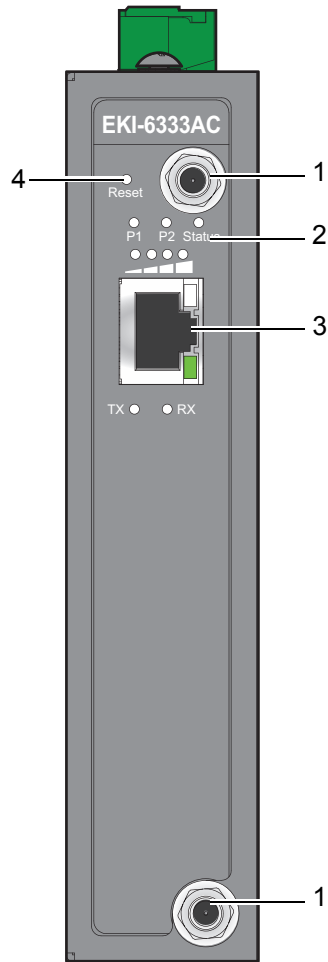
The following view shows the EKI-1362.



**Figure 2.2 EKI-1362 Front View**

No.	Item	Description
1	Antenna connector	Connector for antenna.
2	System LED panel	See "LED Indicators" on page 11 for further details.
3	ETH port	RJ45 ports x 1.
4	Serial port	DB9 pinout, supports RS-232/422/485.
5	Reset button	Button allows for system soft reset or factory default reset.

The following view shows the EKI-6333AC.



**Figure 2.3 EKI-6333AC Front View**

No.	Item	Description
1	Antenna connector	Connector for antenna.
2	System LED panel	See "LED Indicators" on page 11 for further details.
3	ETH port	RJ45 ports x 1.
4	Reset button	Button allows for system soft reset or factory default reset.

## 2.1.2 Rear View

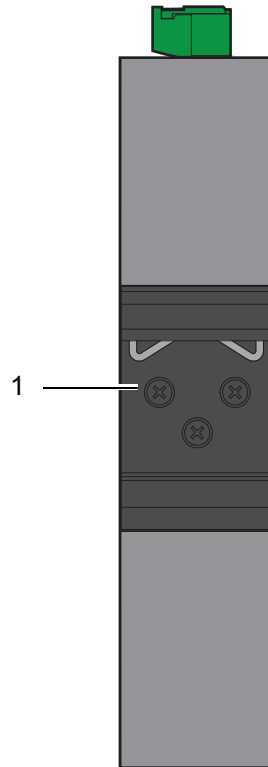


Figure 2.4 Rear View

No.	Item	Description
1	DIN-Rail mounting plate	Mounting plate used for the installation to a standard DIN rail

## 2.1.3 Top View

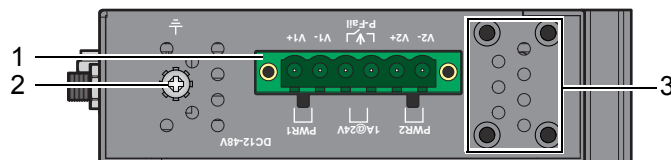


Figure 2.5 Top View

No.	Item	Description
1	Terminal block	Connect cabling for power and alarm wiring
2	Ground terminal	Screw terminal used to ground chassis
3	Wall mounting holes	Screw holes (x4) used in the installation of a wall mounting plate

## 2.1.4 LED Indicators

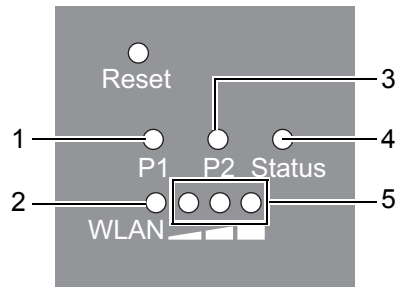


Figure 2.6 System LED Panel

### Station Mode

No.	LED Name	LED Color	Description
1	P1	Green	Power 1 is on
		Off	Power 1 is off or power error condition exists
2	WLAN Status	Green	WLAN link is ready
		Off	WLAN is not functioning
3	P2	Green	Power 2 is on
		Off	Power 2 is off or power error condition exists
4	Status	Amber, blinking	System is ready
		Off	System is not functioning
5	WLAN Signal Strength	Off	No signal available
		Green (One)	Signal quality is less than -80 dBm
		Green (Two)	Signal quality is between -80 dBm and -60 dBm
		Green (Three)	Signal quality is more than -60 dBm

LED Name	LED Color	Description
Ethernet	Green on	10Mbps Ethernet connection
	Green, blinking	Ethernet port is transmitting or receiving data
	Amber	100Mbps Ethernet connection
	Green	1000Mbps Ethernet connection
Serial	Amber	Serial port is receiving data
	Green	Serial port is transmitting data
	Off	No data is transmitted or received through the serial port

## 2.2 Connecting Hardware

### 2.2.1 DIN Rail Mounting

The DIN rail mount option is the quickest installation option. Additionally, it optimizes the use of rail space.

The metal DIN rail kit is secured to the rear of the switch. The device can be mounted onto a standard 35 mm (1.37") x 7.5 mm (0.3") height DIN rail. The devices can be mounted vertically or horizontally. Refer to the following guidelines for further information.

**Note!** A corrosion-free mounting rail is advisable.



When installing, make sure to allow for enough space to properly install the cabling.

#### 2.2.1.1 Installing the DIN-Rail Mounting Kit

1. Position the rear panel of the switch directly in front of the DIN rail, making sure that the top of the DIN rail clip hooks over the top of the DIN rail, as shown in the following illustration.

**Warning!** Do not install the DIN rail under or in front of the spring mechanism on the DIN rail clip to prevent damage to the DIN rail clip or the DIN rail.



Make sure the DIN rail is inserted behind the spring mechanism.

2. Once the DIN rail is seated correctly in the DIN rail clip, press the front of the switch to rotate the switch down and into the release tab on the DIN rail clip. If seated correctly, the bottom of the DIN rail should be fully inserted in the release tab.

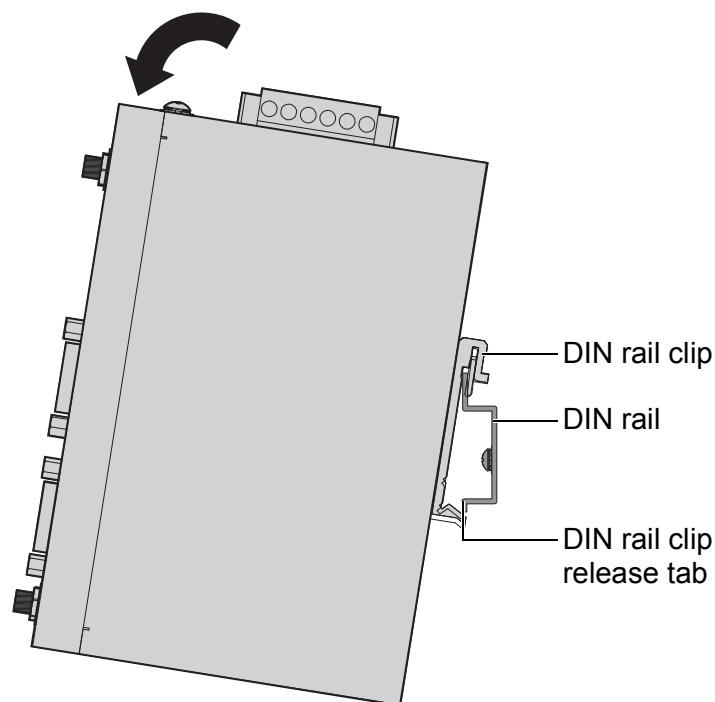
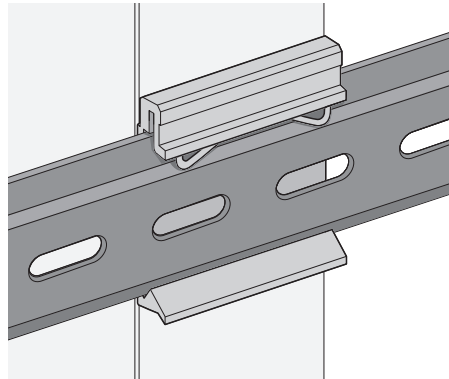


Figure 2.7 Installing the DIN-Rail Mounting Kit

See the following figure for an illustration of a completed DIN installation procedure.

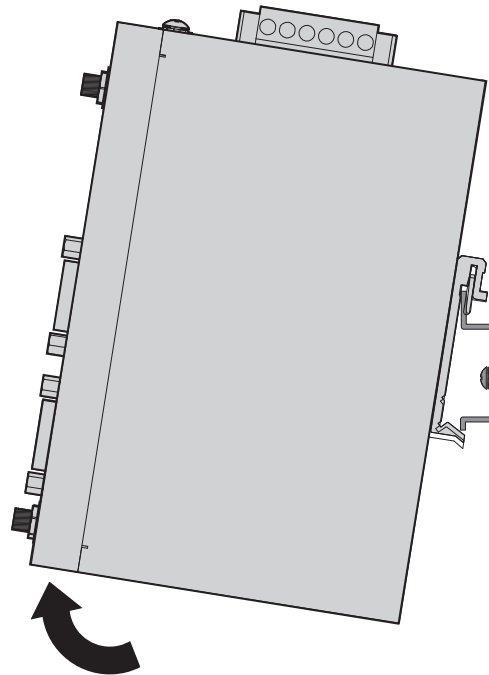


**Figure 2.8 Correctly Installed DIN Rail Kit**

3. Grasp the bottom of the switch and slightly rotate it upwards. If there is resistance, the switch is correctly installed. Otherwise, re-attempt the installation process from the beginning.

#### **2.2.1.2 Removing the DIN-Rail Mounting Kit**

1. Ensure that power is removed from the switch, and disconnect all cables and connectors from the front panel of the switch.
2. Push down on the top of the DIN rail clip release tab with your finger. As the clip releases, lift the bottom of the switch, as shown in the following illustration.



**Figure 2.9 Removing the DIN-Rail**



## 2.2.2 Wall-Mounting

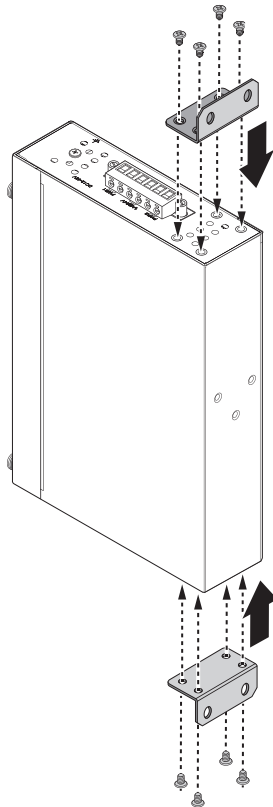
The wall mounting option provides better shock and vibration resistance than the DIN rail vertical mount.

**Note!** *When installing, make sure to allow for enough space to properly install the cabling.*



Before the device can be mounted on a wall, you will need to remove the DIN rail plate.

1. Rotate the device to view the rear side and locate the DIN mounting plate.
2. Remove the screws securing the DIN mounting plate to the rear side.
3. Remove the DIN mounting plate. Store the DIN mounting plate and provided screws for later use.
4. Align the wall mounting brackets with the designated location as illustrated in the following figure. The screw holes on the device and the brackets align if seated correctly.
5. Secure the wall brackets to the device with M3 screws, see the following figure.

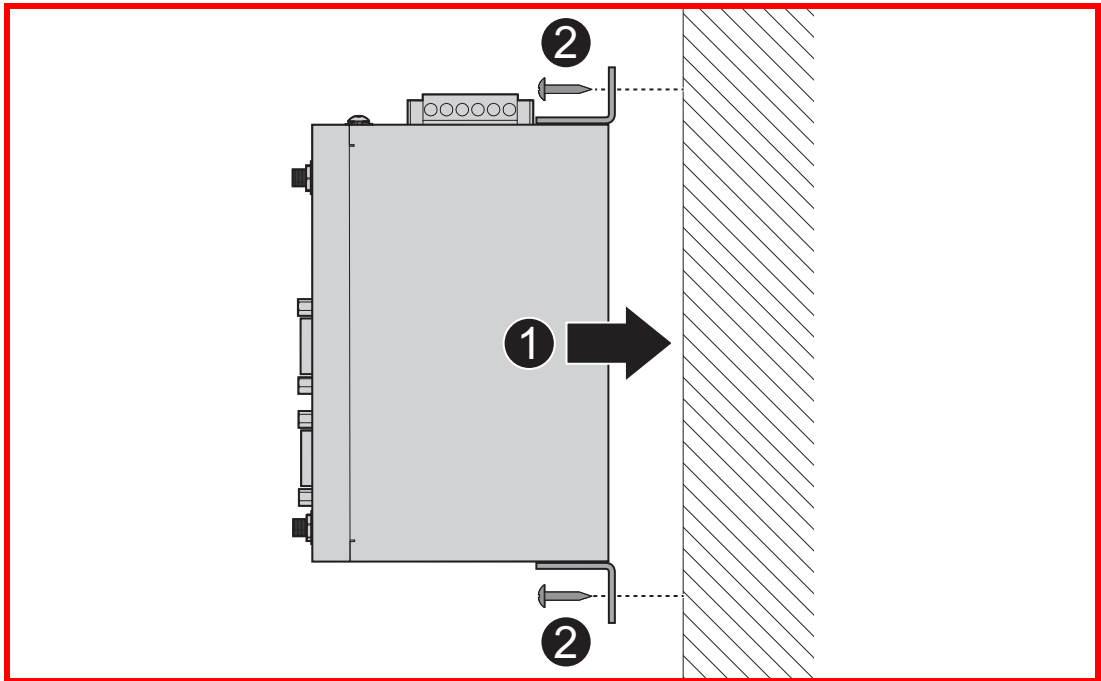


**Figure 2.10 Installing Wall Mount Plates**

Once the wall mounting brackets are secured on the device, mark the screw hole location on the wall area.

6. On the installation site, place the device firmly against the wall. Make sure the switch is vertically and horizontally level.
7. Insert a pencil or pen through the screw holes on the mounting bracket to mark the location of the screw holes on the wall.
8. Remove the switch from the wall and drill holes over each marked location (4) on the wall, keeping in mind that the holes must accommodate wall sinks in addition to the screws.

9. Insert the wall sinks into the walls.
10. Align the mounting bracket over the screw holes on the wall.
11. Starting with the upper bracket, insert a screw through the bracket and rotate it to secure. Do not tighten at this point. Repeat for the remaining locations, see the following figure.

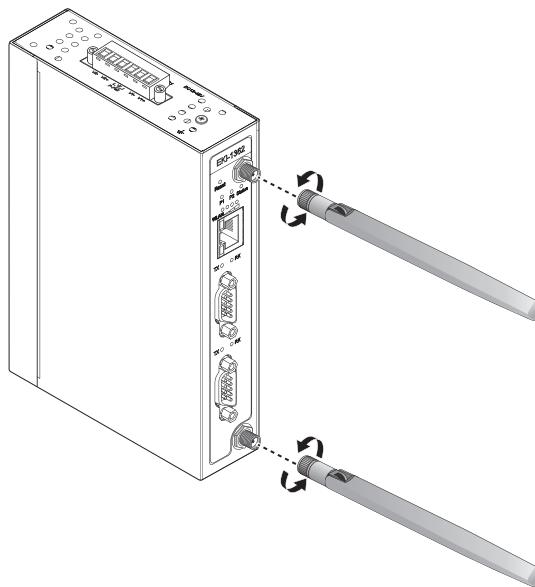


**Figure 2.11 Wall Mount Installation**

12. Once the device is installed on the wall, tighten the screws to secure the device.

### 2.2.3 Wireless Connection

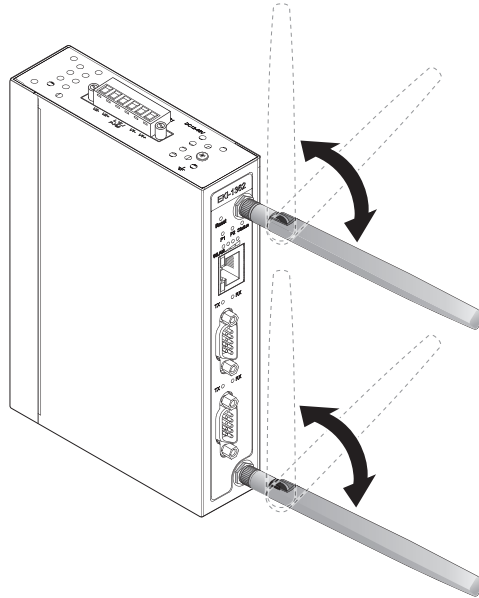
1. Connect the antenna by screwing the antenna connectors in a clockwise direction.



**Figure 2.12 Installing the Antenna**

2. Position the antenna for optimal signal strength.

**Note!** *The location and position of the antenna is crucial for effective wireless connectivity*

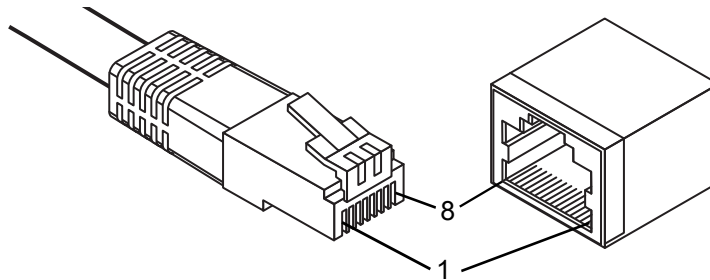


**Figure 2.13 Positioning the Antenna**

## 2.2.4 Network Connection

For RJ45 connectors, data-quality, twisted pair cabling (rated CAT5 or better) is recommended. The connector bodies on the RJ45 Ethernet ports are metallic and connected to the GND terminal. For best performance, use shielded cabling. Shielded cabling may be used to provide further protection.

Straight-thru Cable Wiring		Cross-over Cable Wiring	
Pin 1	Pin 1	Pin 1	Pin 3
Pin 2	Pin 2	Pin 2	Pin 6
Pin 3	Pin 3	Pin 3	Pin 1
Pin 6	Pin 6	Pin 6	Pin 2

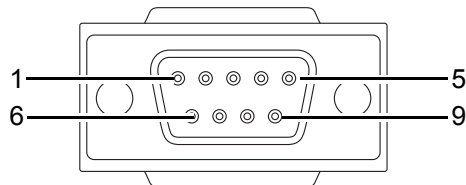


**Figure 2.14 Ethernet Plug & Connector Pin Position**

Maximum cable length: 100 meters (328 ft.) for 10/100BaseT.

## 2.2.5 Serial Connection

EKI-1360-BE Series provides up to four ports DB9 (male) connectors. RS-232/422/485 pin assignments as below:



**Figure 2.15 DB9 Pin Assignment**

Pin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
RS-232	DCD	RX	TX	DTR	GND	DSR	RTS	CTS	RI
RS-422	TX-			TX+	GND		RX+		RX-
RS-485	DATA-			DATA+	GND				

## 2.2.6 Power Connection

### 2.2.6.1 Overview

**Warning!** Power down and disconnect the power cord before servicing or wiring the switch.



**Caution!** Do not disconnect modules or cabling unless the power is first switched off.



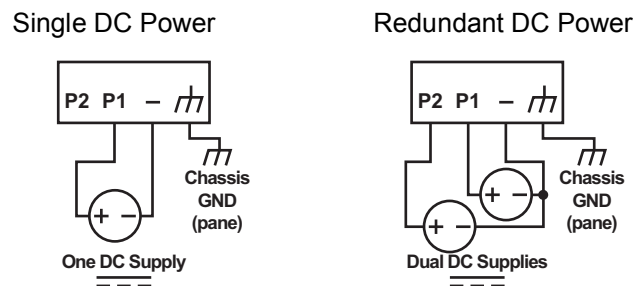
The device only supports the voltage outlined in the type plate. Do not use any other power components except those specifically designated for the switch device.

**Caution!** Disconnect the power cord before installation or cable wiring.



The switches can be powered by using the same DC source used to power other devices. A DC voltage range of 12 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub> must be applied between the V1+ terminal and the V1- terminal (PW1), see the following illustrations. The chassis ground screw terminal should be tied to the panel or chassis ground. A redundant power configuration is supported through a secondary power supply unit to reduce network down time as a result of power loss.

EKI-1360-BE Series support 12 to 48 V<sub>DC</sub>. Dual power inputs are supported and allow you to connect a backup power source.



**Figure 2.16 Power Wiring for EKI-1360-BE Series**

### 2.2.6.2 Considerations

Take into consideration the following guidelines before wiring the device:

- The Terminal Block (CN1) is suitable for 12-24 AWG (3.31 - 0.205 mm<sup>2</sup>). Torque value 7 lb-in.
- The cross sectional area of the earthing conductors shall be at least 3.31 mm<sup>2</sup>.
- Calculate the maximum possible current for each power and common wire. Make sure the power draw is within limits of local electrical code regulations.
- For best practices, route wiring for power and devices on separate paths.
- Do not bundle together wiring with similar electrical characteristics.
- Make sure to separate input and output wiring.
- Label all wiring and cabling to the various devices for more effective management and servicing.

**Note!** *Routing communications and power wiring through the same conduit may cause signal interference. To avoid interference and signal degradation, route power and communications wires through separate conduits.*



### 2.2.6.3 Grounding the Device

**Caution!** *Do not disconnect modules or cabling unless the power is first switched off.*



*The device only supports the voltage outlined in the type plate. Do not use any other power components except those specifically designated for the switch device.*

**Caution!** *Before connecting the device properly ground the device. Lack of a proper grounding setup may result in a safety risk and could be hazardous.*



**Caution!** *Do not service equipment or cables during periods of lightning activity.*



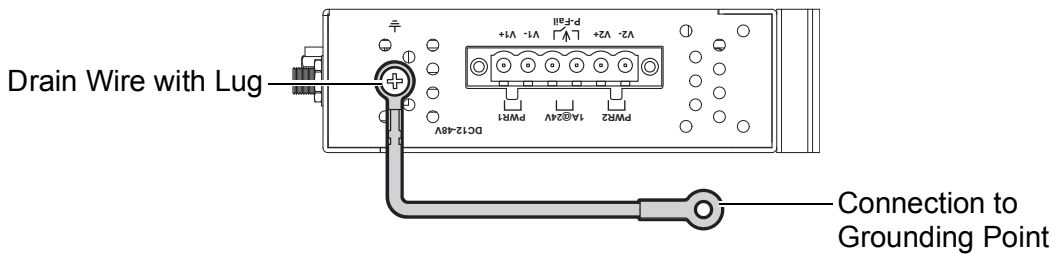
**Caution!** Do not service any components unless qualified and authorized to do so.



**Caution!** Do not block air ventilation holes.



Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) affects the transmission performance of a device. By properly grounding the device to earth ground through a drain wire, you can setup the best possible noise immunity and emissions.



**Figure 2.17 Grounding Connection**

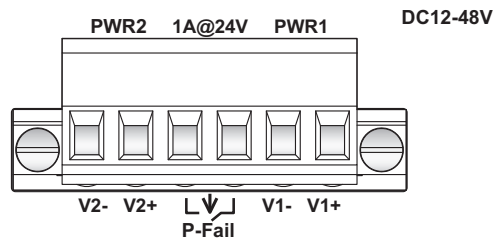
By connecting the ground terminal by drain wire to earth ground the switch and chassis can be ground.

**Note!** Before applying power to the grounded switch, it is advisable to use a volt meter to ensure there is no voltage difference between the power supply's negative output terminal and the grounding point on the switch.



#### 2.2.6.4 Wiring a Relay Contact

The following section details the wiring of the relay output. The terminal block on the EKI-1360-BE Series is wired and then installed onto the terminal receptor located on the EKI-1360-BE Series.



**Figure 2.18 Terminal Receptor: Relay Contact**

The terminal receptor includes a total of six pins: two for PWR1, two for PWR2 and two for a fault circuit.

## 2.2.6.5 Wiring the Power Inputs

**Caution!** Do not disconnect modules or cabling unless the power is first switched off.

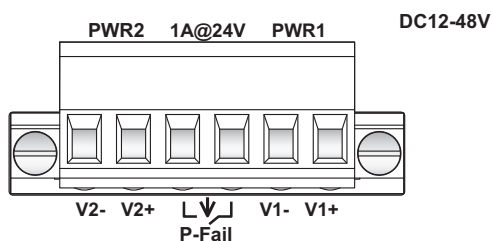


The device only supports the voltage outlined in the type plate. Do not use any other power components except those specifically designated for the switch device.

**Warning!** Power down and disconnect the power cord before servicing or wiring the switch.



There are two power inputs for normal and redundant power configurations. The power input 2 is used for wiring a redundant power configuration. See the following for terminal block connector views.

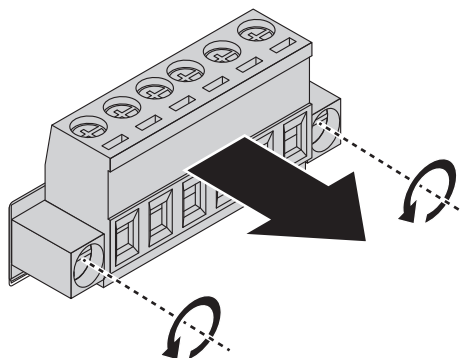


**Figure 2.19 Terminal Receptor: Power Input Contacts**

To wire the power inputs:

Make sure the power is not connected to the switch or the power converter before proceeding.

1. Loosen the screws securing terminal block to the terminal block receptor.
2. Remove the terminal block from the switch.

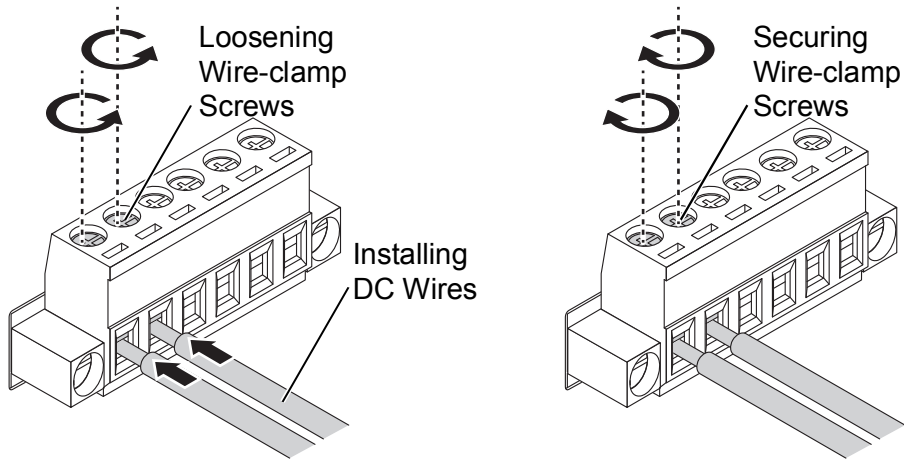


**Figure 2.20 Removing a Terminal Block**

3. Insert a small flat-bladed screwdriver in the V1+/V1- wire-clamp screws, and loosen the screws.
4. Insert the negative/positive DC wires into the V+/V- terminals of PW1. If setting up power redundancy, connect PW2 in the same manner.



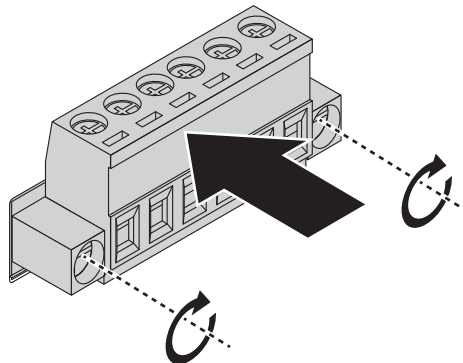
5. Tighten the wire-clamp screws to secure the DC wires in place.



**Figure 2.21 Installing DC Wires in a Terminal Block**

6. Align the terminal block over the terminal block receptor on the switch.
7. Insert the terminal block and press it in until it is flush with the terminal block receptor.
8. Tighten the screws on the terminal block to secure it to the terminal block receptor.

If there is no gap between the terminal block and the terminal receptor, the terminal block is seated correctly.



**Figure 2.22 Securing a Terminal Block to a Receptor**

## 2.3 Reset Button

Reset configuration to factory default:

Press and hold Reset button for 5 seconds.

System reboot:

Press and hold Reset button for 2 seconds.

**Note!** Do NOT power off the Ethernet switch when loading default settings.



# Chapter 3

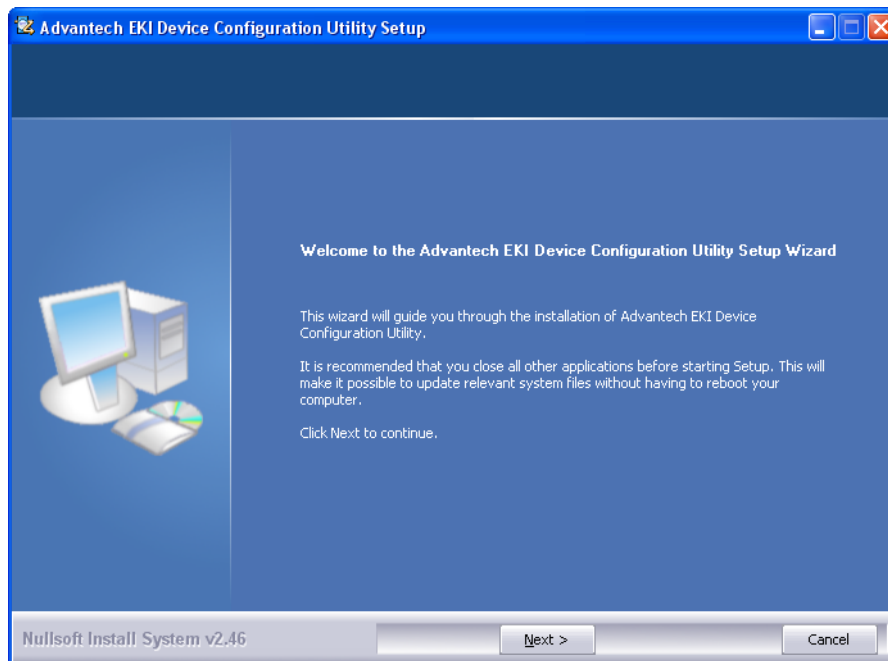
## Utility Configuration

## 3.1 Installing the Configuration Utility

**Note!** *Microsoft.NET Framework version 2.0 or greater is required for this application.*

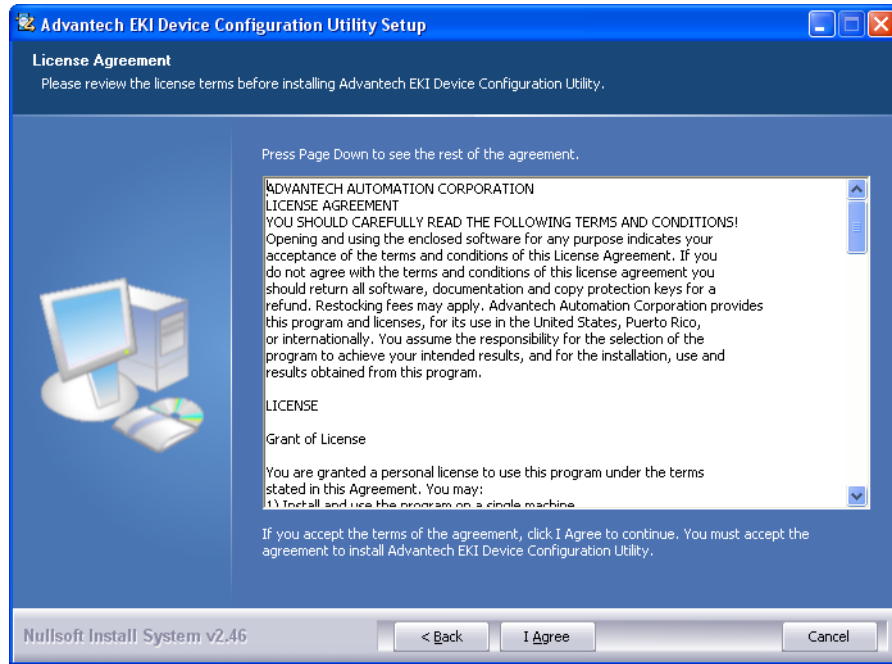


1. Insert the Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility CD-ROM into the CD-ROM drive (whereas E:\ is the drive name of your CD-ROM) on the host PC.
2. Use Windows explorer or the Windows Run command to execute the setup program, the path for the setup program on the CD-ROM is as follows:  
E:\EKI\_Device\_Configuration\_Utility\_v2.01.exe
3. If there is an existing COM port mapping utility on the host PC, remove it at this time. A system reboot may be necessary before continuing the installation.
4. Once the InstallShield Wizard screen displays, click **Next** to proceed with the installation.



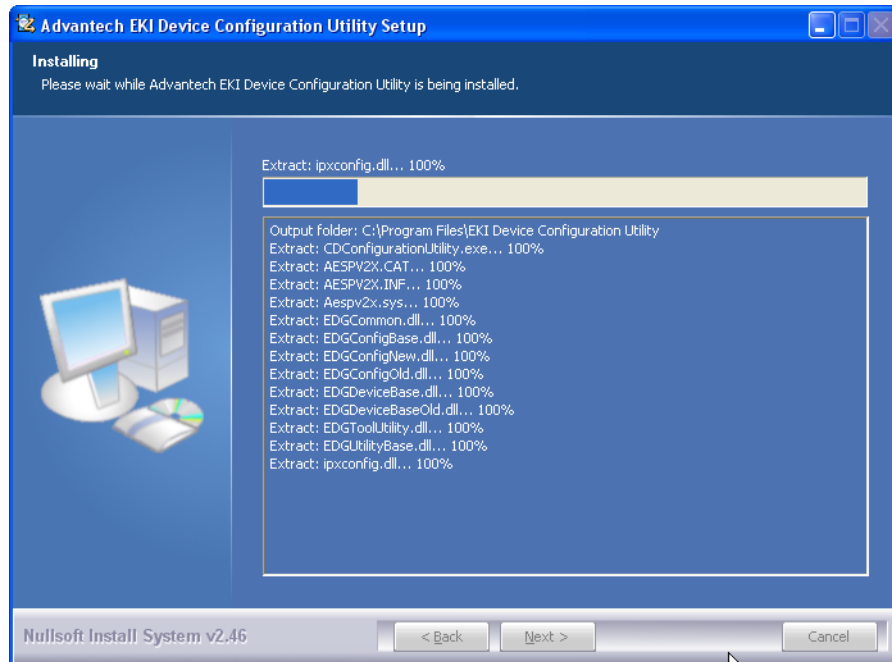
**Figure 3.1 InstallShield Wizard 1 of 4**

5. The Software License Agreement displays, press **I Agree** to continue or **Cancel** to stop the installation.



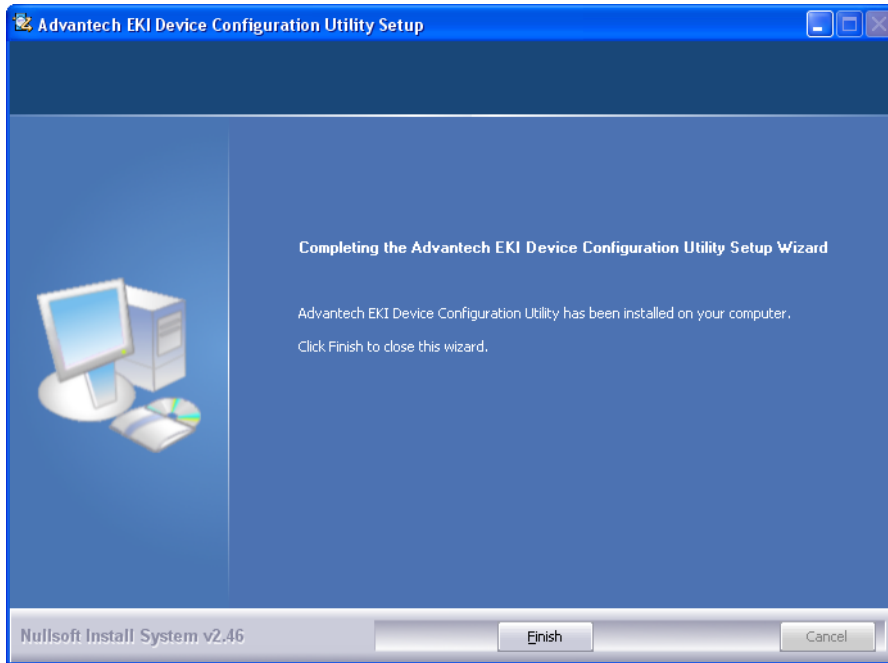
**Figure 3.2 InstallShield Wizard 2 of 4**

The InstallShield continues and a status screen displays. The default installation path is C:\Program Files\EKI Device Configuration Utility.



**Figure 3.3 InstallShield Wizard 3 of 4**

6. Once the installation of the package is finished a Configuration Utility Setup screen displays. Click **Finish** to conclude the process and exit the InstallShield Wizard.



**Figure 3.4 InstallShield Wizard 4 of 4**

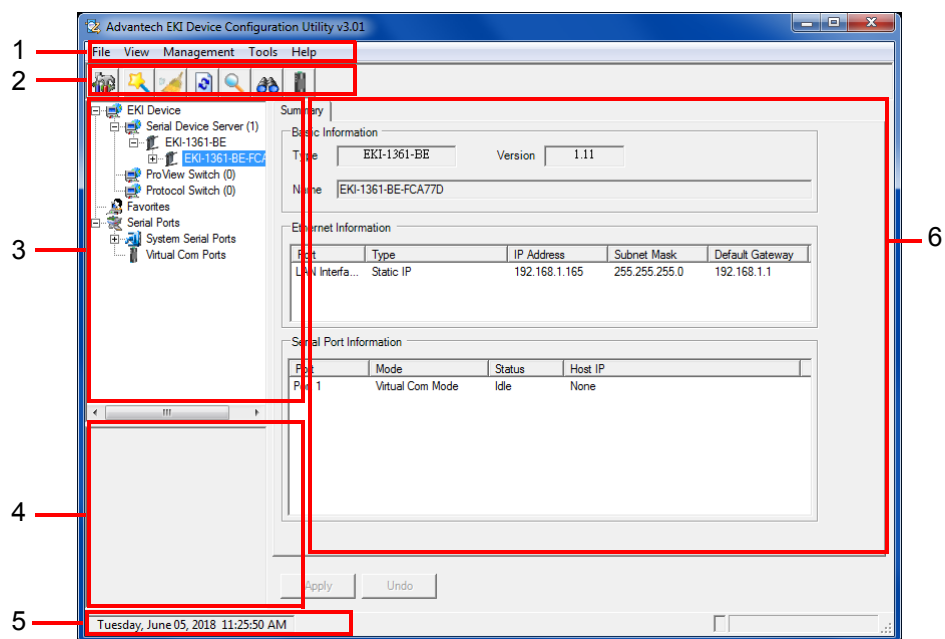
## 3.2 Starting the Configuration Utility

Advantech EKI-1360-BE Series device servers provide an easy-to-use utility to configure your serial device server through an Ethernet connection. For secure administration, it can also restrict the access rights for configuration to only one host PC. With this secure function enabled, other PCs will not have permission for configuration. After the installation program on the Advantech IEDG Series Driver Utility CD-ROM is finished, the serial device servers are ready for use and configuration.

Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility is an excellent device server management tool. You can connect and configure the local and remote Advantech serial device servers easily. The utility provides access to the following functions:

- Configure the network settings (you can set the IP address, Gateway address, and Subnet mask)
- Perform diagnostic tests (virtual COM port testing, port status list)
- Perform administrative functions (export and import the serial device server setting, manage access IP, a descriptive name, upgrade firmware)

You can open the Configuration Utility from the Windows Start Menu by clicking **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility > EKI Device Configuration Utility**. The Configuration Utility displays as shown in the following figure.



**Figure 3.5 Configuration Utility Overview**

No	Item	Description
1	Menu Bar	Displays File, View, Management, Tools and Help.
2	Quick Tool Bar	Useful management functions shortcuts.
3	Serial Device Server List Area	Available devices are listed in this area. Devices and COM ports can be organized or grouped in this area.
4	Information Panel	Click on the devices or move cursor to the devices, the related information is shown in this area.
5	Status Bar	Displays the current time.
6	Configuration Area	Click on the item on the Device Server List Area, the configuration page displays.

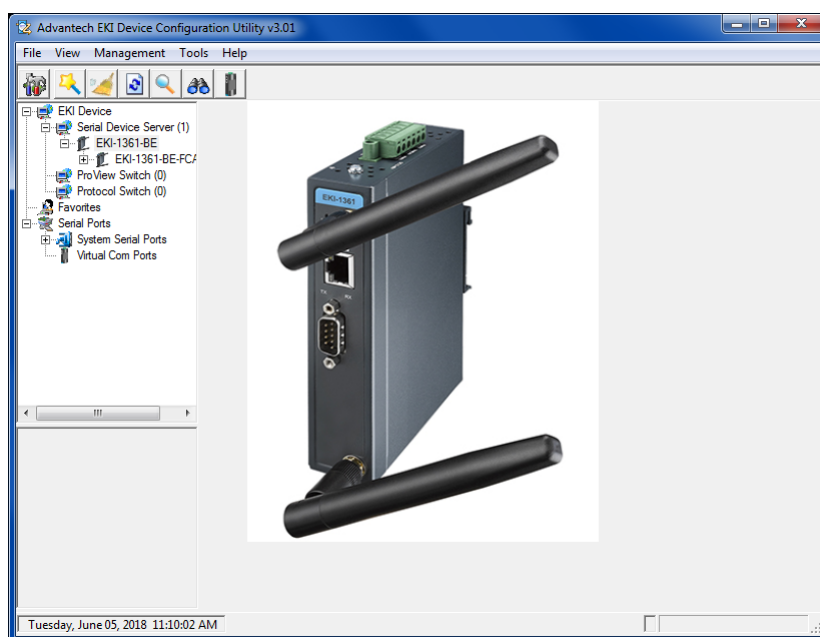
## 3.3 Discovering Your Device Server

### 3.3.1 Auto Searching

Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility will automatically search all the EKI-1360-BE Series device servers on the network and show them on the Serial Device Server List Area of the utility. The utility provides an auto-search function to show your device (s) by simply executing the configuration utility program from the Start Menu.

From here all device on the same network domain will be searched and displayed on Device Server List Area. You can click on the device name to show the features of the specific device.

Click on the “+” before the model name, and the utility will expand the tree structure to show the individual device name. Click on the “-” before the model name, and the utility will collapse the tree structure.

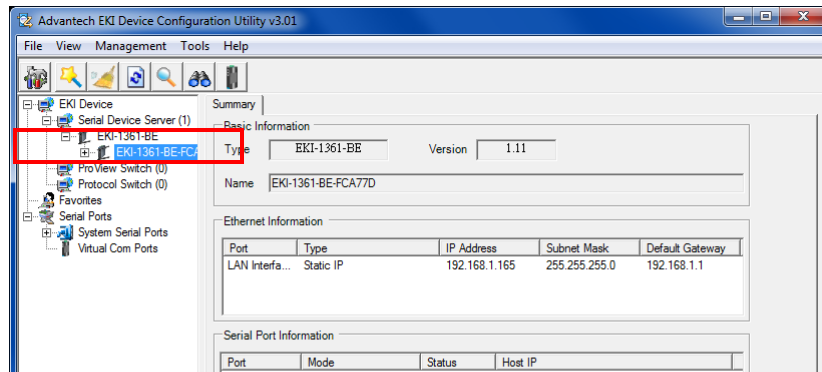


**Figure 3.6** Open View of Serial Device Configuration Utility

**Note!** *When you run the configuration utility for the first time, the default device name is obtained from the serial device's MAC identification number. The name can be altered through the configuration utility.*

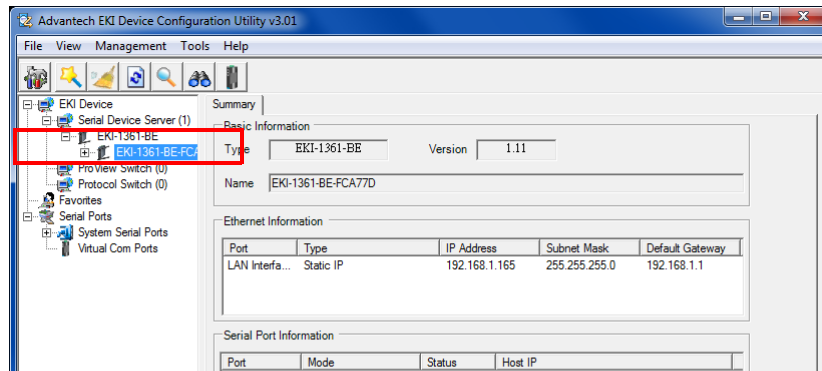
Select the device in this sub-tree. The first tab on the Configuration Area shows the summary of “Basic Information” included device type, version, and name, “Ethernet

Information”, and “Serial Port Information”. The serial port information frame displays the operation mode, status and connected host IP.



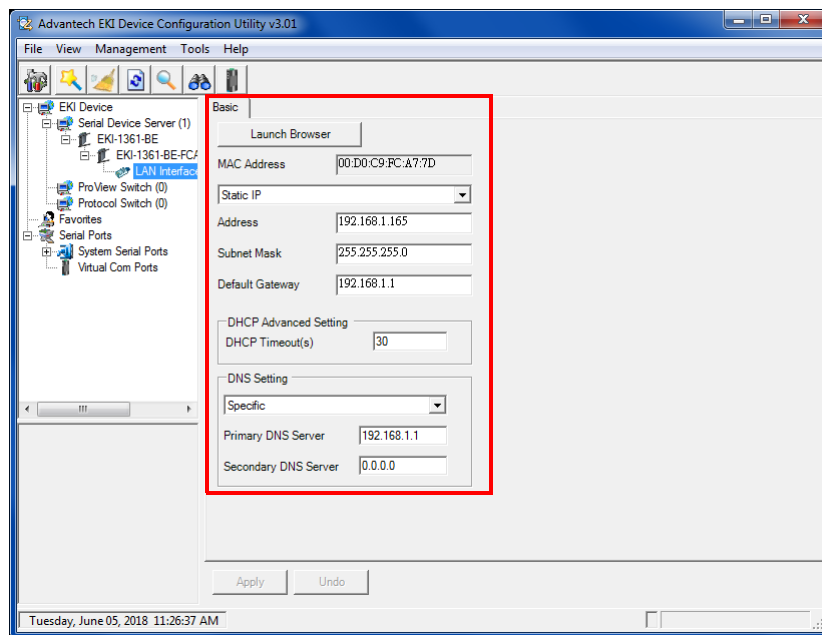
**Figure 3.7 Selecting a Group**

Click on the “+” before the device name, and the utility will expand the interfaces on this device server.



**Figure 3.8 Selecting a Device**

Click to enter the configuration page to change the setting. The configuration will be introduced on following sections.



**Figure 3.9 Viewing Basic Settings**



## 3.4 Network Settings

Prior to setting up the server's IP address determine the IP address mode.

There are four mode types available:

- Static IP: mode to assign a specific assigned address
- DHCP / AutoIP: mode to automatically assign IP addresses through a DHCP server
- BOOTP / AutoIP: mode to automatically assign an IP address through the configuration server
- DHCP/BOOTP/AutoIP: mode to automatically assign an IP address using a Bootstrap Protocol or DHCP server.

The server is set with the following default IP configuration:

- 10.0.0.1

The EKI-1360-BE Series includes a software utility option, which you can install on your system, for configuration through computer-based software. The EKI-1360-BE Series also includes a web interface option for configuration through a standard web browser.

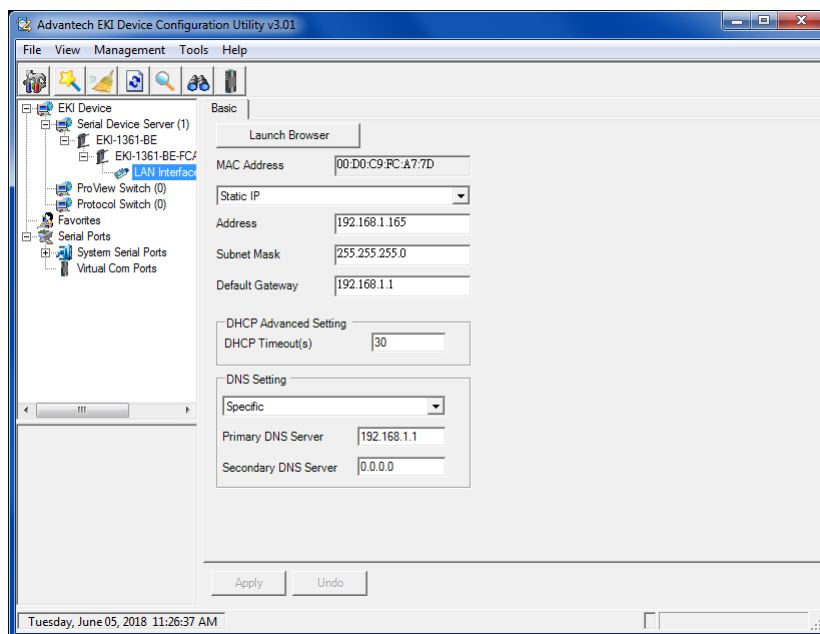


Figure 3.10 Utility Overview

You can choose from four possible IP Configuration modes --- Static, DHCP, BOOTP, and DHCP/BOOTP.

**Figure 3.11 Network Settings Overview**

Item	Description
Static IP	Static IP User defined IP address, Subnet Mask, and Default Gateway.
DHCP + Auto-IP	DHCP Server assigned IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, and DNS.
BOOTP + Auto-IP	BOOTP Server assigned IP address.
DHCP + BOOTP + Auto-IP	DHCP Server assigned IP address, Subnet Mask, Default Gateway, and DNS, or BOOTP Server assigned IP address. (If the DHCP Server does not respond)
DNS Setting	In order to use DNS feature, you need to set the IP address of the DNS server to be able to access the host with the domain name. The EKI-1360-BE Series device server provides Primary DNS Server and Secondary DNS Server configuration items to set the IP address of the DNS server. Secondary DNS Server is included for use when Primary DNS server is unavailable.
DHCP Advanced Setting	When you enabling DHCP protocol to get IP address, it will be waited DHCP server to give IP within DHCP time out. The default value is 180 seconds.

**Note!** *When you have finished the configuration of these settings for each category, please press the “Apply” button in order to make these settings effective on the Serial Device Server.*



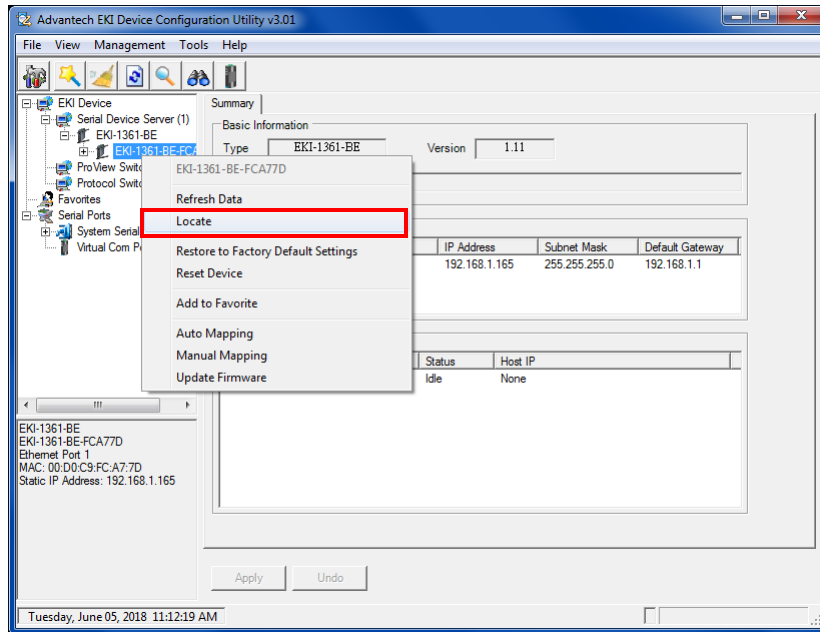
## 3.5 Administrator Settings

### 3.5.1 Locate the Serial Device Server

When several serial device servers are connected to the network, identification of a specific serial device is possible through the Locate function.

To locate the serial device server:

1. From the device list frame, locate the desired device and right-click on it to display the settings menu.
2. Select **Locate** from the menu.

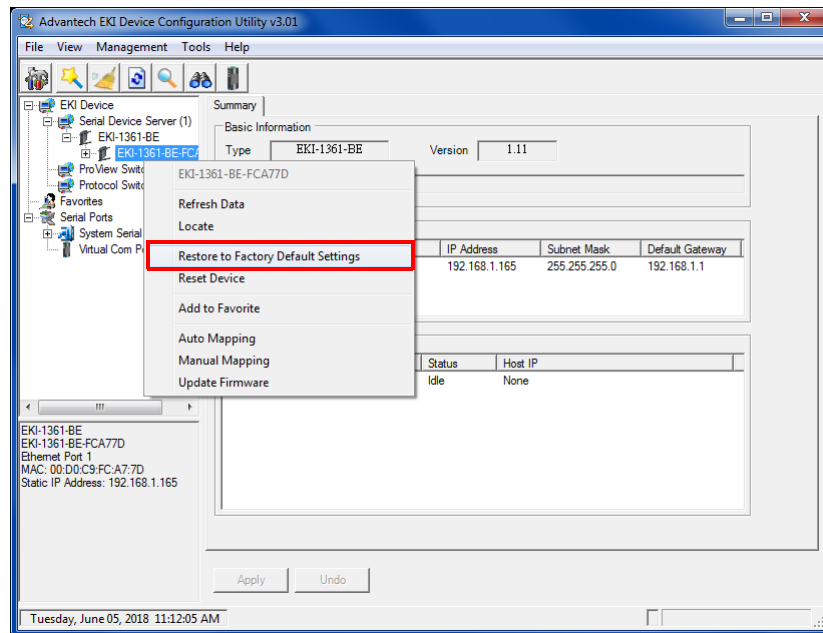


**Figure 3.12 Locate the Serial Device Server**

The unit's Status LED will turn solid amber and the buzzer will sound until you click **Stop Locate**.

### 3.5.2 Restore to Factory Default Settings

The configuration utility provides the function to restore the serial device server to factory default settings.



**Figure 3.13 Restore to Factory Default Settings**

The confirm message will display after clicking **Restore to Factory Default Settings**. If you really want to restore the serial device server to factory default settings, please click **Yes** button to continue.

Power off the serial device server within ten seconds. After reconnecting the power, all settings will be reset to the factory default. If the power supply remains connected for more than ten seconds, the serial device server will not be changed.

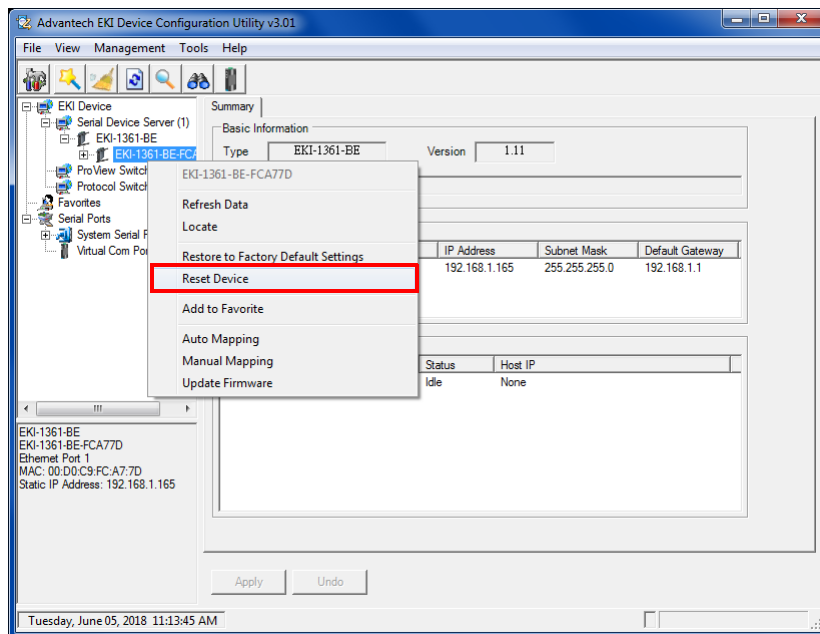
### 3.5.3 Resetting the Device

The **Reset Device** is available to allow you to reset the serial device server. The function disconnects both the ethernet and serial connections.

The function also allows the serial device server to save new configuration settings to flash memory. Once a new setting is changed, you can use the Save function to accept the changes. You will need to reset the device to save the settings to flash memory.

To reset the device:

1. Right-click a desired device to display the settings menu.
2. Select **Reset Device**.



**Figure 3.14 Reset Device**

The device resets. Once the process is complete, the serial device server displays under the Serial Device Server listing once again.

### 3.5.4 Add to Favorite

The Add to Favorite function allows to easily map available devices to Favorite's. By bookmarking specific devices, you can create quickly accessible shortcuts for existing critical devices from the vast pool of locally or remotely networked EKI-1360-BE Series devices.

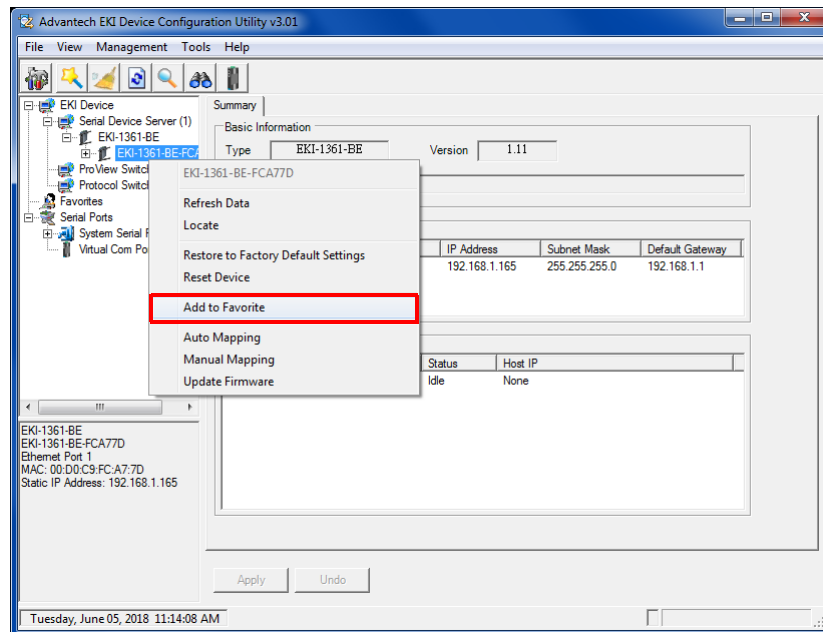


Figure 3.15 Add to Favorite

### 3.5.5 Auto Mapping

See “Auto Mapping” on page 45 for further details.

### 3.5.6 Manual Mapping

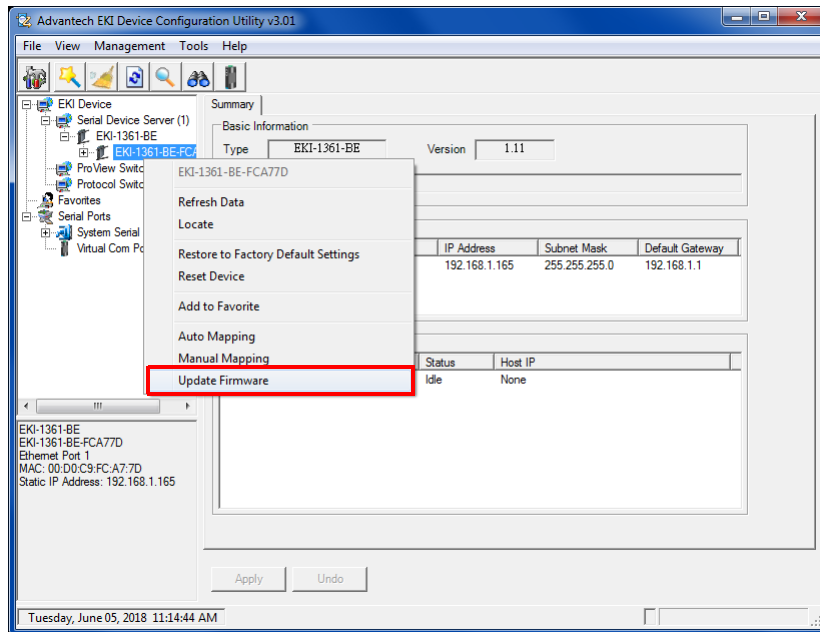
See “Manual Mapping” on page 47 for further details.

### 3.5.7 Update Firmware

Advantech continually upgrades its firmware to keep up with the ever-expanding world of computing. You can use the update firmware function in the utility to carry out the upgrade procedure. Please access Advantech's website: <http://www.advantech.com> to download the latest version of the firmware. Before updating the firmware, make sure that your host's Network domain is as same as the serial device server or the host can establish the TCP connection to the serial device server.

To update firmware:

1. Right-click a desired device to display the settings menu.
2. Select **Update Firmware**.



**Figure 3.16 Update Firmware**

3. Select the firmware file you want to update.

Wait for a few seconds for the firmware to finish updating. After the update has completed, click on the **OK** button. The serial device server will restart automatically.

**Note!** *Be sure that the host PC Ethernet network domain is as same as the EKI-1360-BE Series serial device server or the host PC can establish the TCP connection with the serial device server while doing the updating firmware process.*



# Chapter 4

Selecting An  
Operating Mode



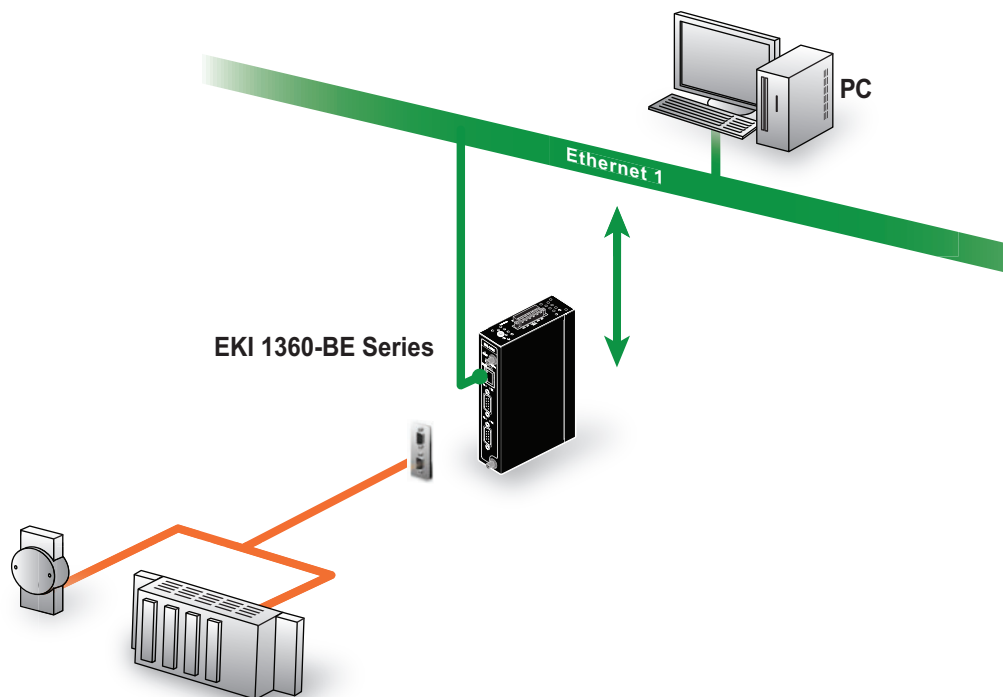
## 4.1 Understanding the EKI-1360-BE Series

The EKI-1360-BE Series are wireless-based, serial device servers for connecting RS-232/422/485 devices to a TCP/IP network. Once connected through EKI series, the serial device will be able to send and receive data on a network like any other network device. It extends traditional COM ports of a PC with access over a TCP/IP network. Through networking, you can control and monitor remote serial devices either over a LAN or over the WAN. Since the EKI series is connected through a TCP/IP network, you might need to know some basic facts about networking in order to get the server hooked up correctly.

### 4.1.1 Product Description

The EKI series is designed to network-enable any RS-232/422/485 serial device and provide industry-grade hardware and easy-use software to make connecting serial devices to an Ethernet network a surprisingly simple process. These units immediately upgrade your existing serial devices for integration into the Internet world. The EKI series features a lot of powerful functions such as: high speed data transfer, access-control, auto-detection of all EKI series products, remote connection from different network domain, remote firmware download, and more.

After the simple installation steps to attach your network and serial device to the appropriate connectors on the serial device servers and driver installation, you will then be able to communicate with the serial devices via its own application software and with the EKI serial device server. COM port redirector, TCP server mode, TCP client mode, UDP server mode, UDP client mode and Control mode are all different schemes to make a serial connection across using one or more Serial device server.



**Figure 4.1 Single Ethernet Connection**

## 4.1.2 COM Port Redirector

Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility is a serial COM port redirector that creates virtual COM ports and provides access to serial device connected to Advantech serial device server. You can configure the serial device server and enable the Virtual COM port using one integrated utility. Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility allows you to configure Microsoft applications to communicate with network enabled serial device servers as easily as if they were physically installed in or directly connected on the PC.

The Advantech redirector can create up to 4096 virtual COM ports. Application on the host can open virtual COM port to access the serial device servers at the same time. The redirector will handle each active virtual COM port as a separate TCP connection to Advantech serial device servers.

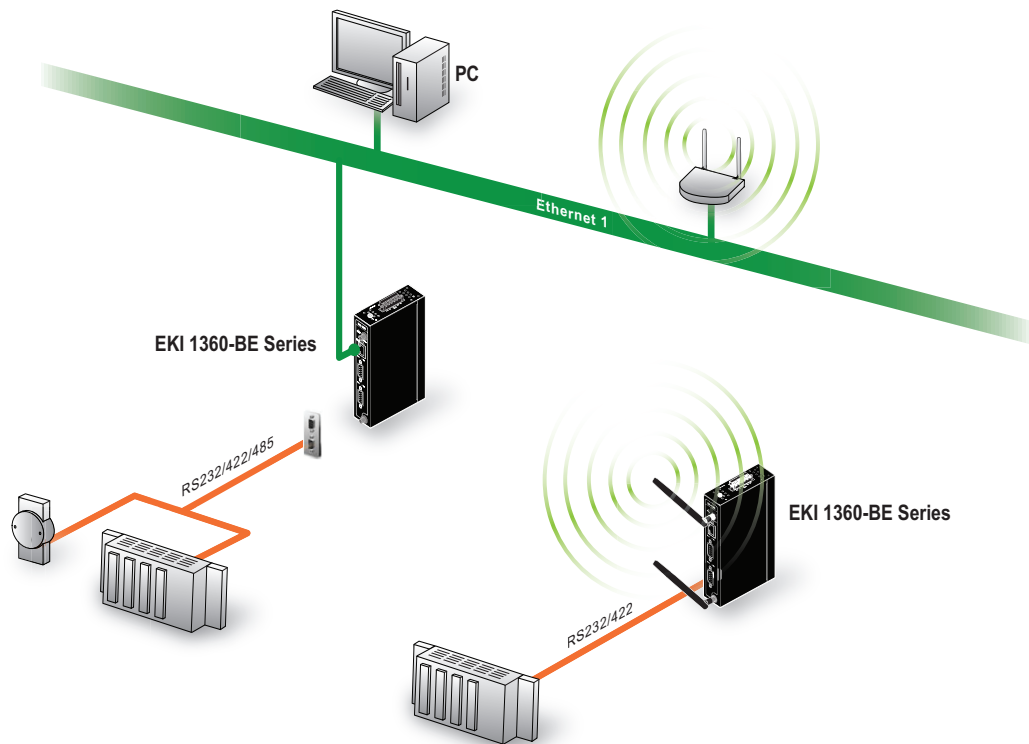


Figure 4.2 COM Port Redirector

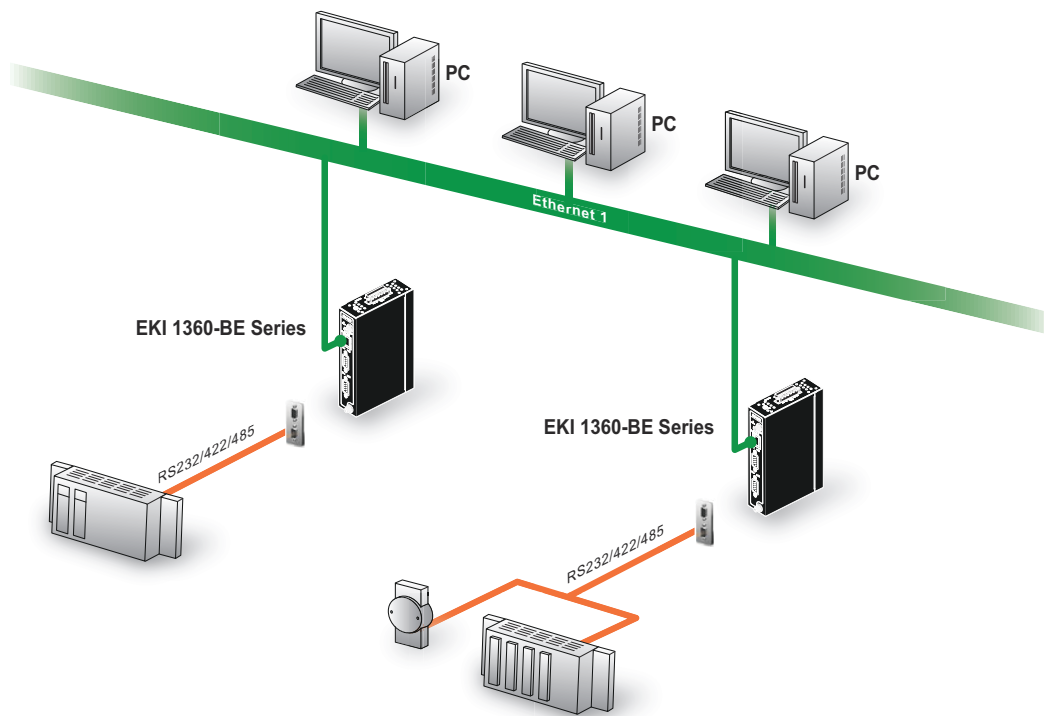
### 4.1.2.1 Normal Mode

The Advantech redirector connects the Advantech serial device servers while an application open the COM port and disconnects from the Advantech serial device servers when the application closes the COM port. The redirector uses TCP network connections to the Advantech serial device server to gain the access to the connected serial devices.

#### 4.1.2.2 Multi-Access Mode (Shared COM port mode)

Most of serial devices are connected directly and physically to the PC serial ports via a cable. The operation system, ex. Windows XP, provides the COM ports that user's application can access, and control the serial device through the serial cable. This means that the serial device can be connected to one host and only one application on this host can handle input, output and control operation on this device.

If you want to run more than one applications to use a serial device, you can employ EKI serial device servers that provide a virtual COM port for a host or multi-hosts on an Ethernet network. EKI serial device server is located between hosts and serial devices. Each serial port on the EKI serial device server can allow max. five host connections through one Ethernet port or two Ethernet ports. There are two major operation modes for Multi-Access Mode. First one is broadcast mode; EKI serial device server handles a command from one application and replies the data from the serial port to all applications that are connecting this serial port. Another one is polling mode; EKI serial device server handles the command from one application and reply to this application only. Query from other applications must be queued and wait for current process completing.



**Figure 4.3 Multi-Access Mode**

By using a serial device server to share serial device, you eliminate the separate serial lines and serial devices that can be attached to individual hosts. Collecting the data from these serial devices become more easily and more effectively.

### 4.1.3 TCP Server Mode

In TCP server mode, you might initiate the TCP connection from host to EKI serial device server. This operation mode support max. Five simultaneous connections for each serial port on EKI serial device server from one host or several hosts, however multi-hosts collect the data from one serial port at the same time.

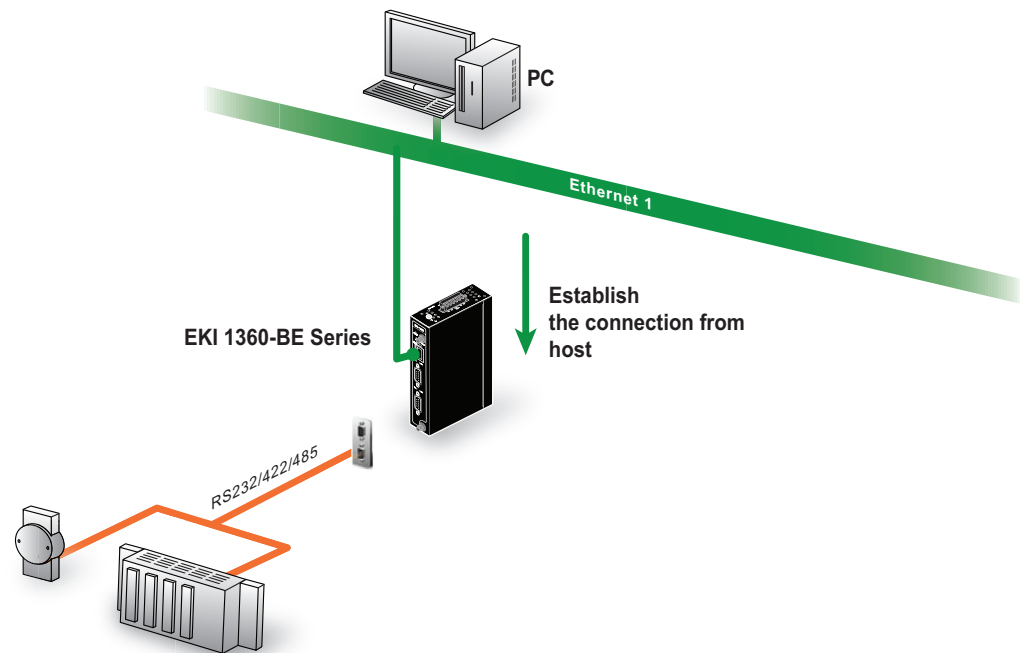


Figure 4.4 TCP Server Mode

#### 4.1.4 TCP Client Mode

In TCP Client mode, the TCP connection will be established from EKI serial device server. This operation mode supports a maximum of 16 simultaneous connections for each serial port on EKI series to one host or several hosts. You should configure the IP address and TCP port number of the network hosts which the EKI serial device server connect to using Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility. After configuration, when EKI serial device server receives the data from serial port, the device server will employ the connection to hosts which are configured.

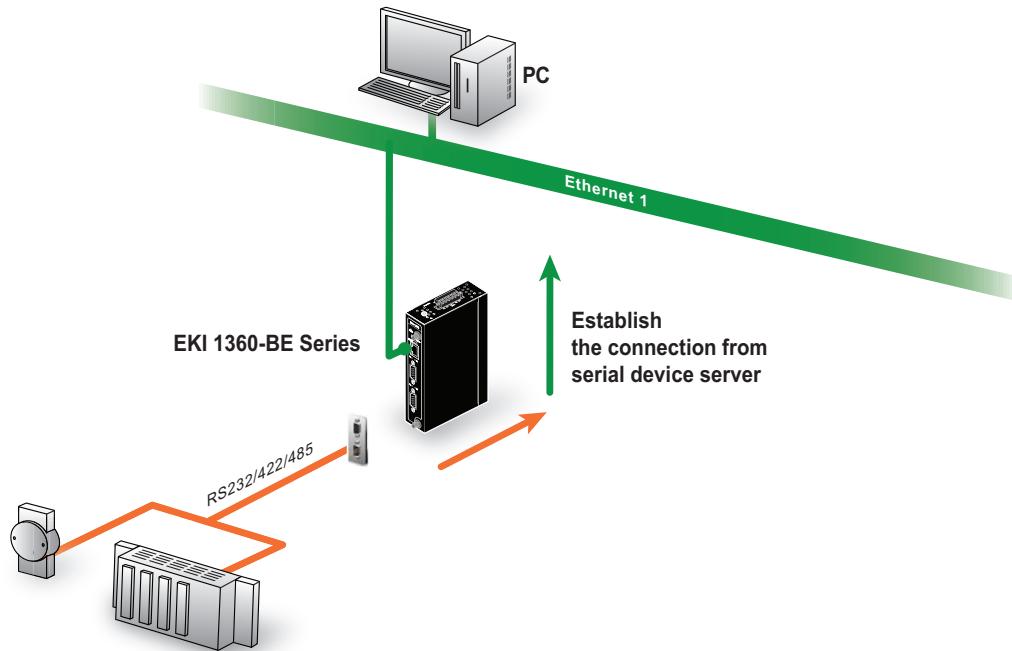


Figure 4.5 TCP Client Mode

## 4.1.5 Serial Tunneling Mode

Two native serial devices can communicate over an Ethernet network without any intermediate host PC and software programming. Serial Tunneling is very simple to use. You can use Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility to designate one serial port as the tunneling master and another serial device server port as the tunneling slave.

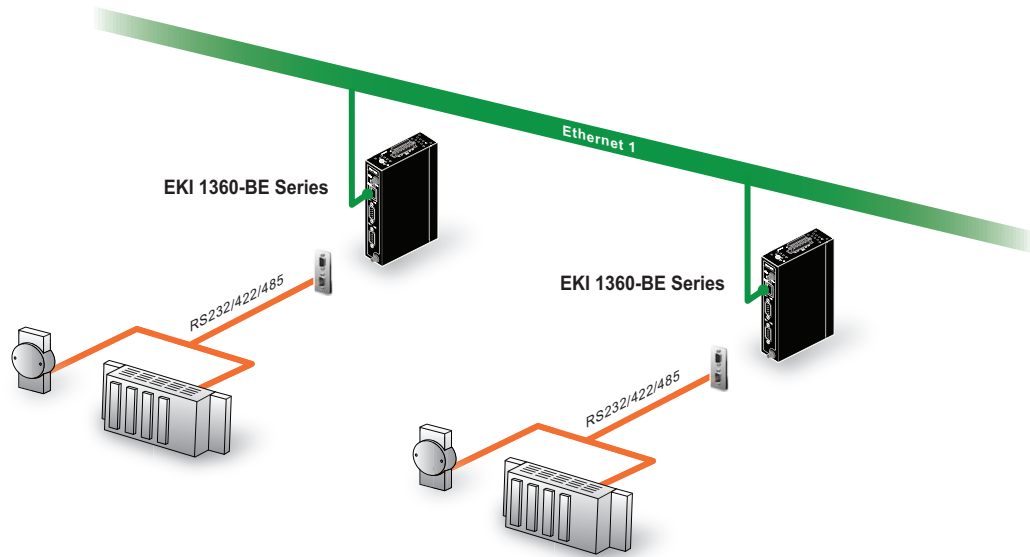


Figure 4.6 Serial Tunneling Mode

## 4.1.6 UDP Server/Client Mode

UDP is used primarily for broadcasting messages over a network. In the UDP server mode, EKI series access max. 8 hosts' UDP message. In the UDP client mode, EKI serial device servers transmit UDP message to max. 16 hosts simultaneously.

## 4.1.7 Control Mode

In controlling mode, the EKI serial device server presents a modem interface to the attached serial device: it accepts AT-style modem commands to connect / disconnect to other networking device. If you want serial device running application program to connect/disconnect to different devices by request, you can use controlling mode.

The controlling mode provides three kinds of modem AT-style commands. The serial devices can use these commands to control EKI series connecting or disconnecting to remote networking devices. Thus intelligent serial devices such as stand-alone PLC will send /receive data to/from devices one by one via Ethernet.

# Chapter 5

Setting up Virtual COM  
Port

## 5.1 Setting COM Port Redirector

Advantech COM port mapping software is a serial COM port redirector that creates virtual COM ports and provides access to serial devices connected to an Advantech serial device servers. Your serial device applications can communicate with serial devices connected to the Advantech serial device servers without software changes.

Since the virtual COM ports work like standard Windows COM ports, your application software sees no difference between a local serial device and one connected to an Advantech serial device server.

The COM redirector utility and the virtual COM port management utility are integrated into one utility with same GUI. The Advantech Serial Device Server Configuration Utility can create all Virtual COM ports using the Auto Mapping function or by using the manual mapping function.

## 5.2 Virtual COM Port Mapping

### 5.2.1 Auto Mapping

1. On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
2. Under Serial Device Servers, locate **your server** and click the icon to expand the listing.
3. Select the target device and right-click on it to open up the options menu window.
4. Locate **Auto Mapping** and select it.

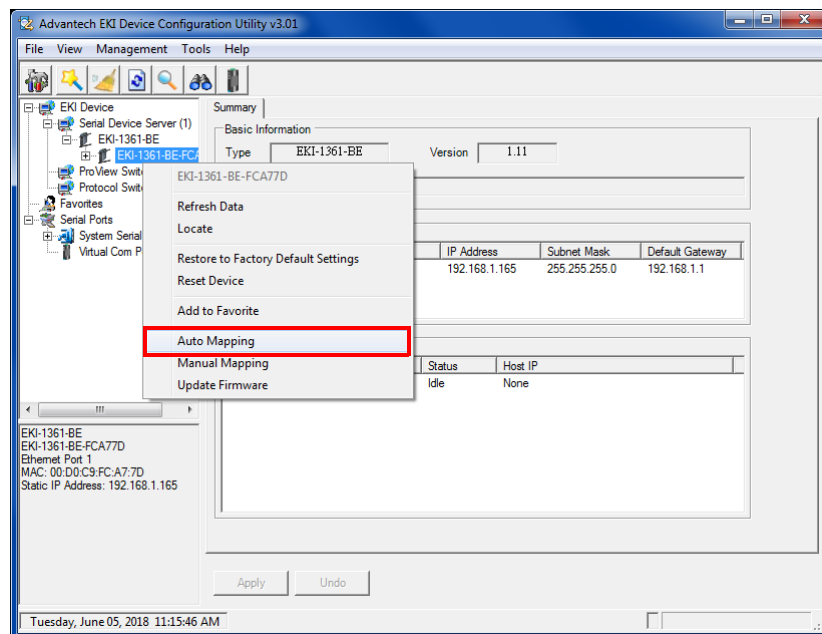
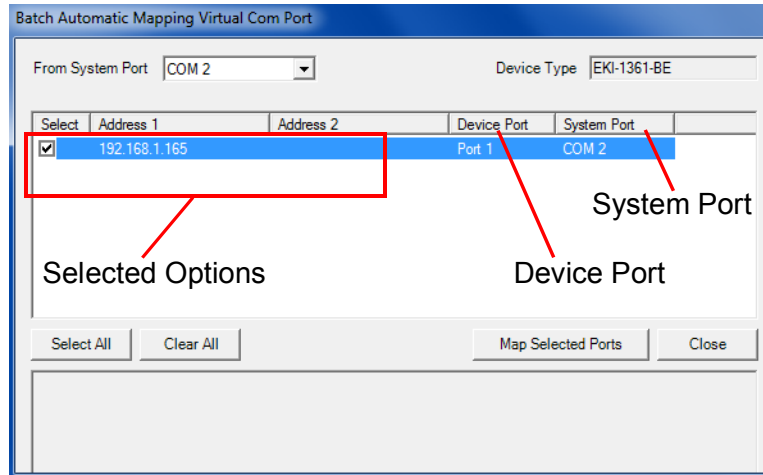


Figure 5.1 Selecting Auto Mapping

The **Batch Automatic Mapping Virtual COM Port** window displays.

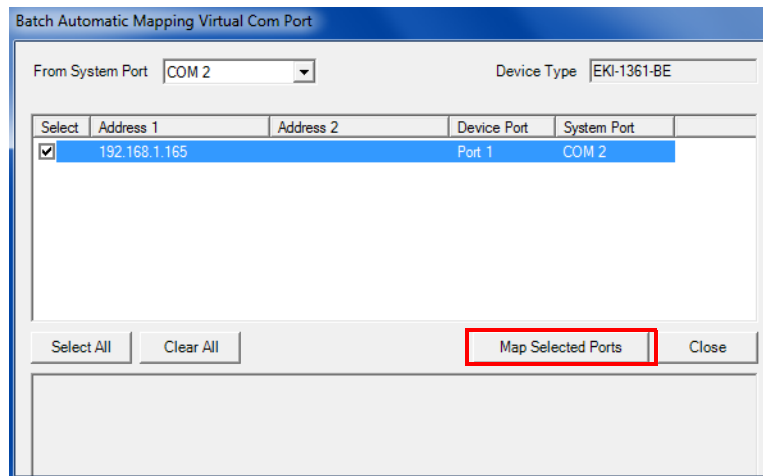


5. Locate **From System Port** and click the drop-down menu to select the target COM port.
6. From the network address list, select the address options to map.  
The selected address displays the Device Port and (EKI-1360-BE Series device server physical serial port) and the system port which will be the VCOM port for the PC.



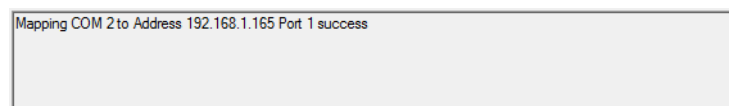
**Figure 5.2 Selecting Auto Mapping**

7. From the network address list, select the address options to map.
8. Click **Map Selected Ports** to set the configuration.



**Figure 5.3 Mapping Selected Ports**

Once the mapping function is initialized, a successful mapping process results in the virtual mapping of the designated physical serial port and VCOM PC port. See the following figure.



**Figure 5.4 Viewing VCOM Mapping Results**

## 5.2.2 Manual Mapping

1. On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
2. Under **Serial Device Servers**, locate your server and click the icon to expand the listing.
3. Select the target device and right-click on it to open up the options menu window.
4. Locate **Manual Mapping** and select it.

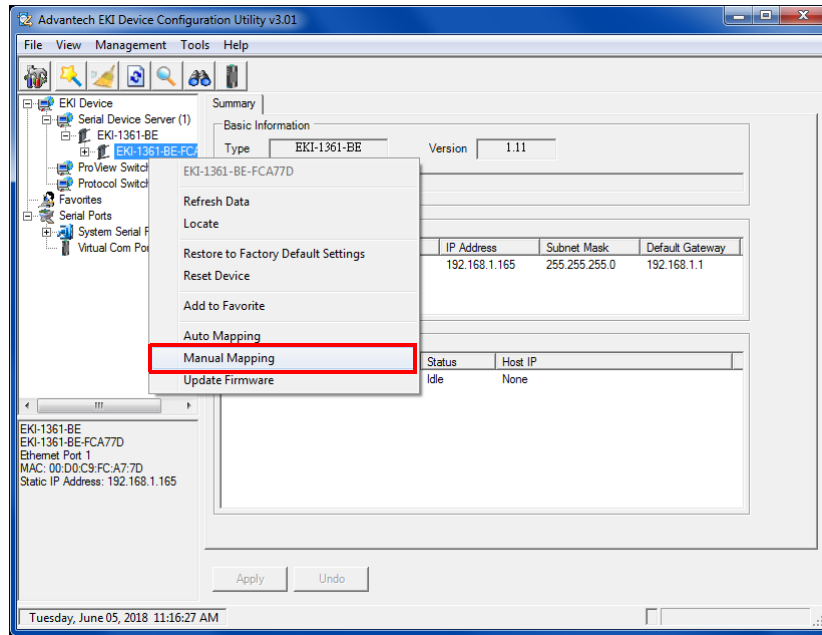


Figure 5.5 Selecting Manual Mapping

The **Manual Mapping Virtual COM Port** window displays.

5. In the **Device > Serial Port** drop-down menu, select the target port to map. This is the physical serial port on the EKI-1360-BE Series device.
6. In the **Host > COM Port** drop-down menu, select the target COM port to map. This is the virtual port on the target PC.

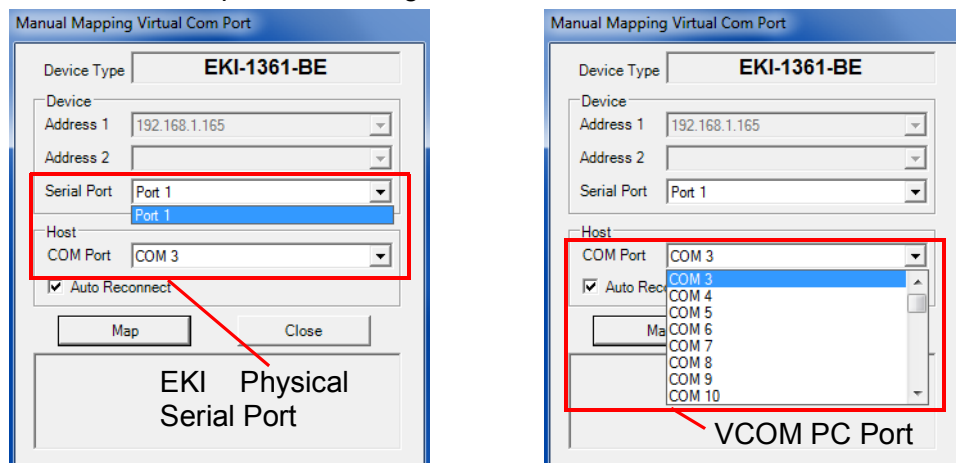
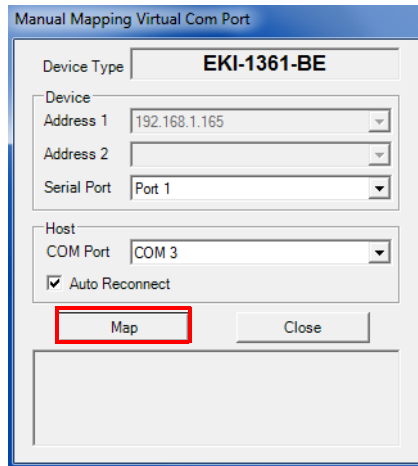


Figure 5.6 Viewing Manual VCOM Mapping Results

- Click **Map it** to continue the process. The mapping process may require a short time. Once this step is completed, the **Manual Mapping Virtual COM Port** window displays again to map the VCOM port on the target PC. Once the mapping function is initialized, a successful mapping process results in the virtual mapping of the designated physical serial port and VCOM PC port. See the following figure.

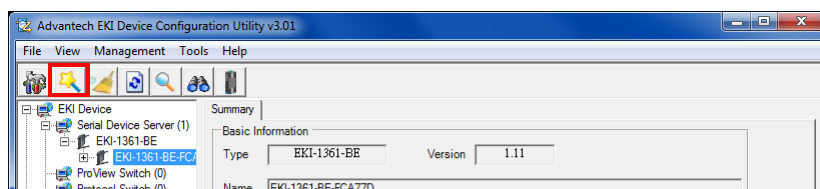


**Figure 5.7 Viewing Manual VCOM Mapping Results**

To allow for an automatic connection after a reboot or a power up, click the **Auto Reconnect** option to enable this function.

### 5.2.3 Configuration Wizard

- On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
- Under **Serial Device Servers**, locate your server and click the icon to expand the listing.
- From the tool bar, select **Configuration Wizard**.



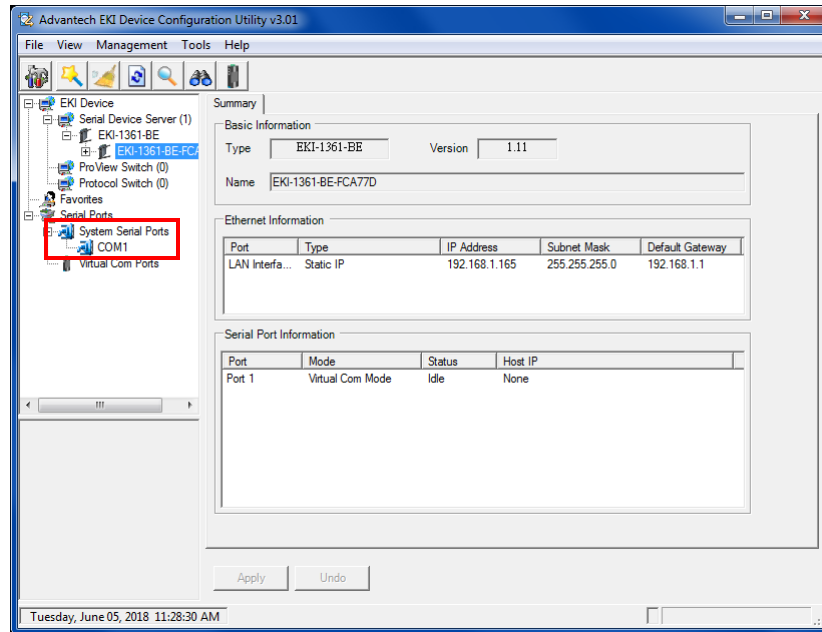
**Figure 5.8 Selecting the Configuration Wizard**

The Wizard screen displays and lists available devices.

- Select the target device and click **Next** to continue. The Wizard Device Settings window displays.
- Under Serial Port Settings, click the **Type** drop-down menu and select the port type. Review the settings under the Ethernet fields and verify them.
- Click **Next** to continue or **Previous** to return to the previous screen. The selected settings are displayed in the following Wizard window.
- Locate the radio button correlating to the target port to modify and click on it to select it. Verify the Device Port (EKI-1360-BE Series device physical serial port) and System Port (virtual COM port for PC) settings before continuing.
- Click **Finish** to complete the process. A Wizard complete! screen displays indicating the completion of a successful procedure.

## 5.2.4 Confirming Virtual COM Settings

1. On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
2. Locate **Serial Ports** menu in the menu pane and click on the Expand icon next to Virtual COM Ports to view a list of the mapped ports.
3. Select a VCOM port to view its settings.



**Figure 5.9 Serial Port Listing on EKI-1360-BE Series Device**

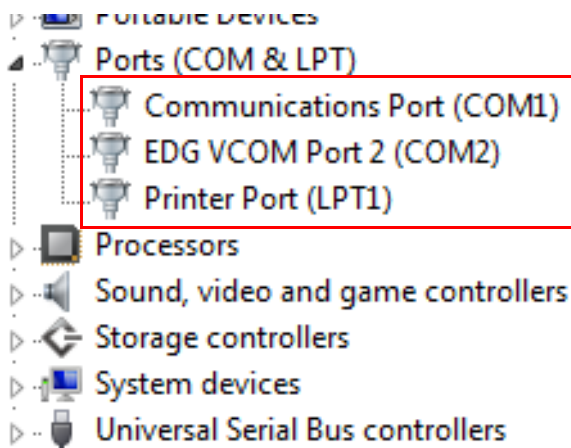
For the next step, you will need to open the device manager on your system. Using the Device Manager, you can both view and change the COM port settings.

**Note!** *The following instructions were developed in a Windows 7 environment; the Windows XP equivalent is displayed in parentheses (). Instructions may vary according to the operating system used.*



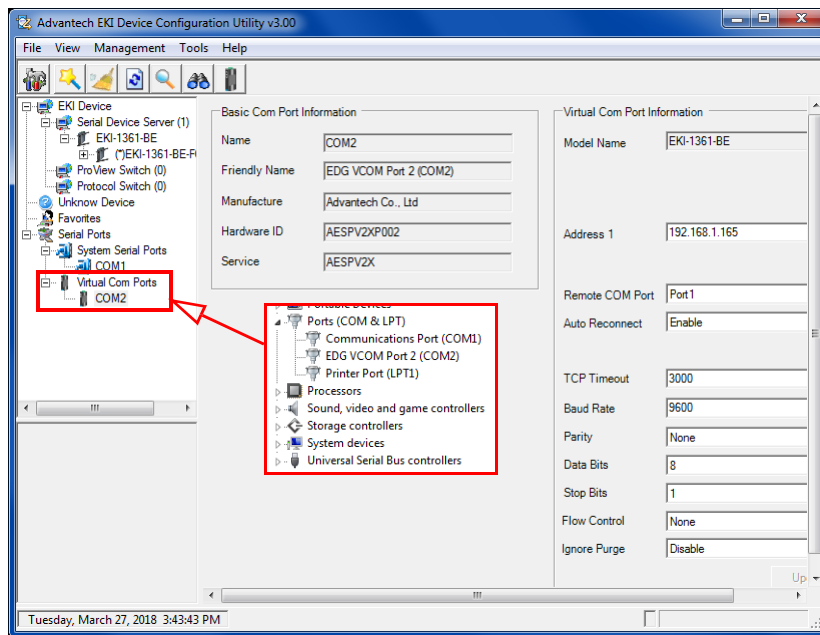
4. On your desktop, click on the **Start** button and then on **Control Panel**. A window displays showing all the available control panels.
5. Click on **Hardware and Sound (Hardware)**. A list of all available hardware configuration options displays.
6. Under **Devices and Printers**, click on the **Device Manager** link. A new window displays showing a list of all the available devices on your computer.
7. Locate **Ports (COM & LPT)** and click on the expand icon. A list of all available serial and parallel port devices display.

The newly mapped VCOM port should be listed under the same mapped settings used in the previous steps.



**Figure 5.10 System Port VCOM Mapping Configuration**

The newly mapped VCOM port is listed under the same mapped settings used in the previous steps. The settings correspond to the VCOM port configuration on the EKI-1360-BE Series device, see the following figure.

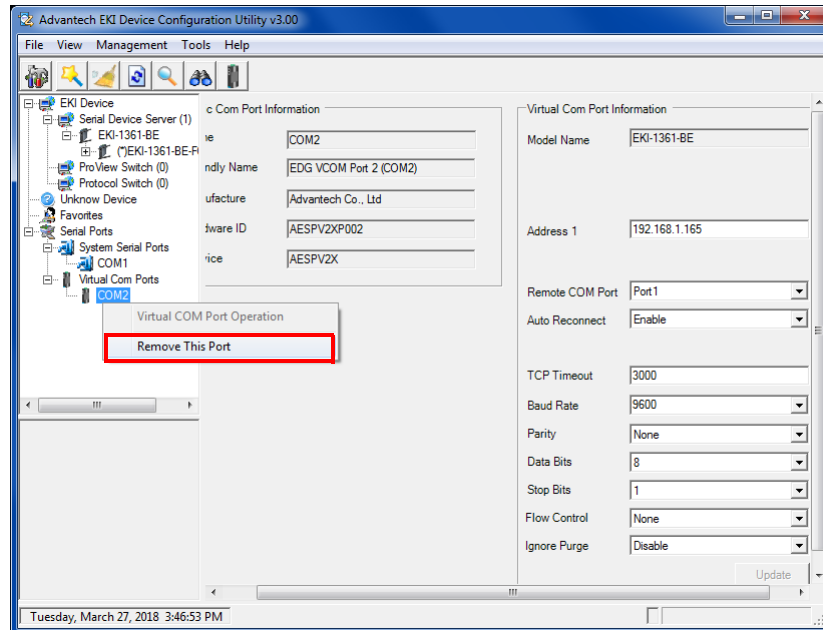


**Figure 5.11 Verifying VCOM Mapping Configuration**

If the settings do not correspond, the VCOM mapping is not correct. See “Virtual COM Port Mapping” on page 45 to re-map the VCOM ports.

## 5.2.5 Removing VCOM Ports

1. On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
2. Under Serial Ports, click the expand icon on Virtual COM Ports to view the configured port list.
3. Locate the port to remove and right-click on it to open the options menu.
4. Scroll down to **Remove This Port** and click on it to initiate the procedure.



**Figure 5.12 Remove VCOM Port**

A Remove Port confirmation window displays.

5. Click **OK** to continue with the removal process or **Cancel** to return to the previous menu.

Once the procedure is completed, a prompt displays the successful removal of the port from the VCOM mapping list.

## 5.2.6 Exporting and Importing VCOM Mapping

Importing and exporting Virtual COM Port Mapping is useful when the factory has already used a number of serial device servers in VCOM mode. You can easily upgrade to a new utility, and don't need to re-map the Virtual COM Ports. For example, when you would like to upgrade from Utility 1.71 to Utility 3.0, you can export your own mapped Virtual COM Ports in Utility 1.71 and save them as a \*.cpm file.

After upgrading to Utility 3.0, import your \*.cpm file and restore your own Virtual COM Ports.

**Note!** *This Virtual COM Port Mapping tool can only recover Virtual COM Ports that have been mapped previously. For newly installed serial device servers, please follow the virtual COM Port mapping steps.*



1. On your desktop, navigate to **Start > All Programs > EKI Device Configuration Utility** and click **Advantech EKI Device Configuration Utility** to open the utility.
2. Locate **Serial Ports** menu in the menu pane and click on the Expand icon next to Virtual COM Ports to view a list of the mapped ports.
3. Select a VCOM port.
4. Click **Import Virtual COM Port Mapping** or **Export Virtual COM Port Mapping** in the File menu.

# Chapter 6

Web Interface



## 6.1 Overview

EKI-1360-BE Series serial device server can be configured through a web interface. By using a standard web browser, the same procedure as with the Windows configuration utility can be used. In the browser's address field, enter the IP Address of your EKI-1360-BE Series serial device server. The default IP setting is 10.0.0.1, but you should use the IP which you have previously assigned for this device. Once the IP is entered, you will be presented with the following windows.

**Note!** *Before using the web-based configuration, make sure your host PC Ethernet network IP domain is as same as the serial device server, or it can establish the TCP connection with the serial device server.*



**Note!** *It is recommended that you use Microsoft Internet Explorer 7.0 or higher.*

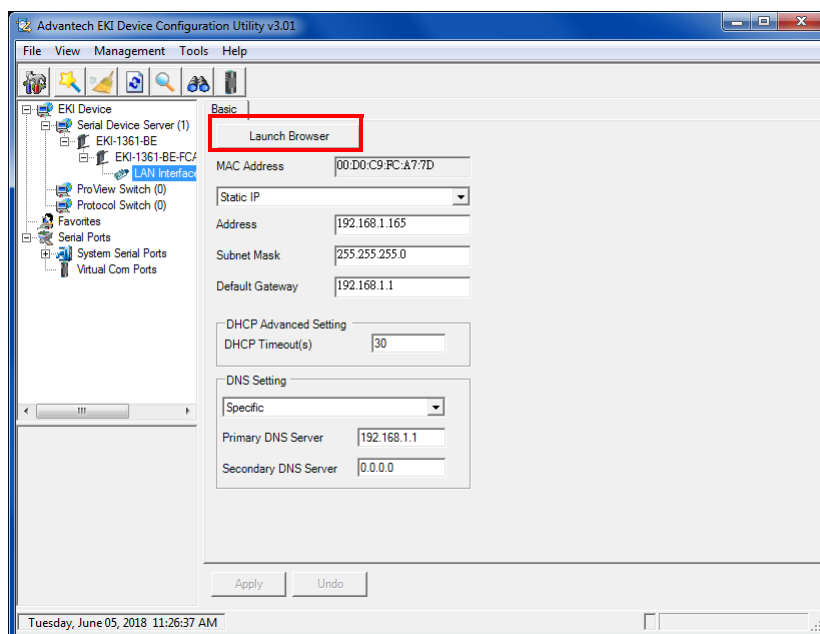


## 6.2 Accessing the Web Page

### 6.2.1 Accessing the Web Page via Configuration Utility

To access the web page via configuration utility:

1. Select Ethernet under the desired device.
2. Click **Launch Browser**.



**Figure 6.1 Accessing the Web Page via Configuration Utility**

## 6.2.2 Accessing the Web Page via Web Browser

Once the device is installed and connected, power on the device. The following information guides you through the logging in process.

1. Launch your web browser on the PC.
2. In the browser's address bar, type the device's default IP address (LAN Interface 1: 10.0.0.1).  
The main menu is shown.

## 6.3 Overview

To access this page, click **Overview**.

System Info			
Information Name		Information Value	
Firmware Version	1.15		
Local Hostname			
System Time	Wed Feb 9 16:24:55 GMT 1972		
System Up Time	0 day 0 hr 10 min 52 sec		
System Platform	EKI-1361-MB-BE		

Memory	
Information Name	Information Value
Total Available	69144 kB
Free	84272 kB
Buffered	4608 kB

Local Network	
Information Name	Information Value
Local IP Address	192.168.1.166
Local Netmask	255.255.255.0
MAC Address	00:D0:C9:FE:E6:D3

WAN Network	
Information Name	Information Value
WAN IP Address	
WAN Netmask	
WAN Default Gateway	
DNS1	
DNS2	

DHCP Leases			
Hostname	IPv4-Address	MAC-Address	Leasetime remaining
There are no active leases.			

Figure 6.2 System Info

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>System Info</b>	
Firmware Version	Display the current firmware version of the device.
Local Hostname	Display the current local hostname of the device.
System Time	Displays the current date of the device.
System Up Time	Displays the time since the last device reboot.
System Platform	Displays the model name of the device.
<b>Memory</b>	
Total Available	Displays the total amount of physical memory installed RAM in kiloBytes (kB) on the device.
Free	Displays the currently unused RAM in kiloBytes (kB) on the device.
Buffered	Displays the RAM in kiloBytes (kB) set aside as a temporary holding place for data.
<b>Local Network</b>	
Local IP Address	Displays the assigned IP address of the device.
Local Netmask	Displays the assigned netmask of the device.
MAC Address	Displays the MAC address of the device.
<b>WAN Network</b>	
WAN IP Address	Displays the assigned WAN IP address.
WAN Netmask	Displays the assigned WAN netmask.
WAN Default Gateway	Displays the assigned WAN gateway.
DNS1	Displays the assigned primary DNS.
DNS2	Displays the assigned secondary DNS.
<b>DHCP Leases</b>	
Hostname	Displays the name of the host name of the leased DHCP.
IP4-Address	Displays the IP address (IPv4) of the entry.
MAC-Address	Displays the MAC address of the entry.
Leasetime remaining	Displays the leased time assigned to the entry.

## 6.4 Network Settings

### 6.4.1 Wireless WAN

To access this page, click **Network Settings > Wireless WAN**.

The Interface screen allows user to setup the WAN interface and its network function mode.

When Network Mode is disabled (default), the **WAN Interface Settings** appear as follows.



**Figure 6.3 Network Settings > Wireless WAN > Network Mode**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Network Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the mode type: Disable (default), Static, DHCP.
MAC Address	Displays the current device's MAC address.
Submit	Click <b>Submit</b> to save the values and update the screen.

When Network Mode is **Static**, the configuration settings display as follows.

The screenshot shows the 'Wan Interface Setup' window. The 'Network Mode' dropdown menu is set to 'Static'. Below it are input fields for 'IP Address', 'Subnet Mask', 'Default Gateway', 'Primary DNS Server', and 'Secondary DNS Server'. The 'MAC Address' is displayed as '74:FE:48:36:03:E3'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom.

**Figure 6.4 Network Settings > Wireless WAN > Network Mode > Static**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Network Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the mode type: Disable (default), Static, DHCP.
IP Address	Enter the WAN IP address given by your service provider.
Subnet Mask	Enter the WAN subnet mask given by your service provider.
Default Gateway	Enter the WAN gateway IP address given by your service provider.
Primary DNS Server	Enter the primary WAN DNS IP address given by your service provider.
Secondary DNS Server	Enter the secondary WAN DNS IP address given by your service provider.
MAC Address	Displays the current device's MAC address.
Submit	Click <b>Submit</b> to save the values and update the screen.

When Network Mode is **DHCP**, the settings appear as follows.

The screenshot shows the 'Wan Interface Setup' window. The 'Network Mode' dropdown menu is set to 'DHCP Client'. The 'MAC Address' is displayed as '74:FE:48:36:03:E3'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom.

**Figure 6.5 Network Settings > Wireless WAN > Network Mode > DHCP**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Network Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the mode type: Disable (default), Static, DHCP.
MAC Address	Displays the current device's MAC address.
Submit	Click <b>Submit</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.4.1.1 Topology

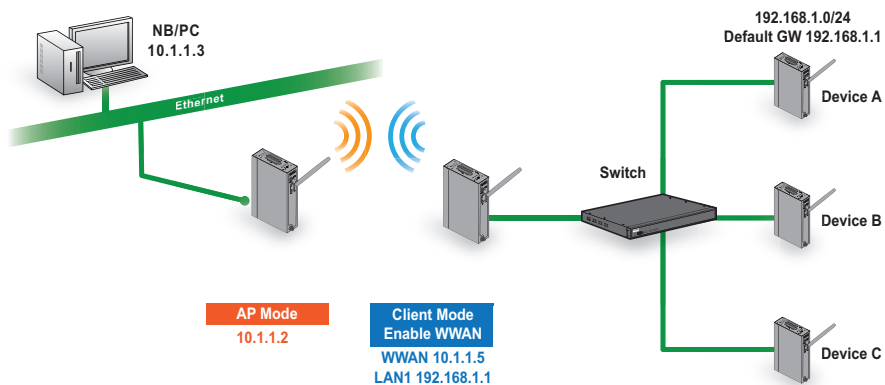


Figure 6.6 Wireless WAN Topology

### 6.4.2 LAN

To access this page, click **Network Settings > LAN**.

The screenshot shows the 'LAN Interface Setup' configuration window. The fields are as follows:

- Local Hostname: [Empty text box]
- Network mode: Static IP (dropdown menu)
- IP Address: 192.168.1.165
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1
- DNS:  Automatic  Specific
- DNS 1: 192.168.1.1
- DNS 2: [Empty text box]
- MAC Address: 00:D0:C9:FC:A7:7D

An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom of the configuration area.

Figure 6.7 Network Settings > LAN

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Local Hostname	Enter the device name: up to 31 alphanumeric characters.

Item	Description
Network mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the IP Address Setting mode: Static or DHCP.
IP Address	Enter a value to specify the IP address of the interface. The default is 10.0.0.1.
Subnet Mask	Enter a value to specify the IP subnet mask for the interface. The default is 255.255.255.0.
Default Gateway	Enter a value to specify the default gateway for the interface. The default is 192.168.1.254.
DNS	Click the radio button to select the DNS mode: Automatic or Specific.
DNS 1	Enter a value to specify the default DNS 1 for the interface. The default is 192.168.1.1.
DNS 2	Enter a value to specify the default DNS 2 for the interface.
MAC Address	Display the MAC address to which packets are statically forwarded.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

**Note!** All new configurations will take effect after rebooting. To reboot the device, click **Administration > Tools > Reboot**.

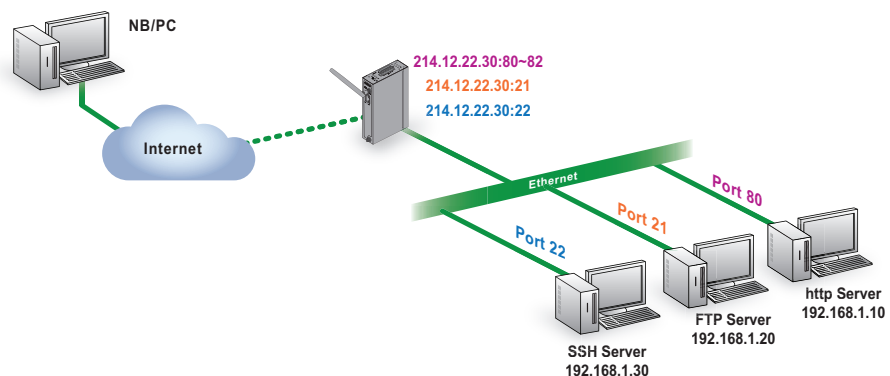


## 6.4.3 Forwarding

### 6.4.3.1 Port Forwarding

Port forwarding, also known as port mapping, is only available when Wireless WAN mode is enabled. It allows for the application of network addresses (NAT) the redirection of a communication request from an address and port to a specified address while the packets traverse the firewall.

The function are designed for networks hosting a specific server, such as a web server or mail server, on the private local network and behind the NAT firewall.



**Figure 6.8 Port Forwarding**

To access this page, click **Networking Settings > Forwarding > Port Forwarding**.

Enabled	Name	Start Port	End Port	Local IP	Local Port	Protocol	Delete
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	http_server	80	82	192.168.1.10	80	TCP	Delete
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ftp_server	21	21	192.168.1.20	21	Both	Delete
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ssh	22	22	192.168.1.30	22	Both	Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>					22	TCP	Delete

Add Apply

**Figure 6.9 Networking Settings > Forwarding > Port Forwarding**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Enabled	Click <b>Enabled</b> to enable the defined forward policy.
Name	Enter a text string to identify the port forwarding entry.
Start Port	Enter the value of the starting port for this entry.
End Port	Enter the value of the ending port for this entry.
Local IP	Enter the IP address defining the static address of the local IP.
Local Port	Enter the value defining the local port.
Protocol	Click the drop-down menu to select the protocol setting, options: TCP, UDP, Both.
Delete	Click <b>Delete</b> to remove the selected entry from the port forwarding policy.
Add	Click <b>Add</b> to include the entry in the port forwarding policy.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update list.

#### 6.4.3.2 DMZ

A Demilitarized Zone is used to provide Internet services without sacrificing unauthorized access to its local private network. Typically, the DMZ host contains devices accessible to the Internet traffic, such as Web (HTTP) servers, FTP servers, SMTP (e-mail) servers and DNS servers.

To access this page, click **Networking > Forwarding > DMZ**.

DMZ  Enabled  Disabled (Only for wireless wan mode)

IP

Apply

**Figure 6.10 Networking > Forwarding > DMZ**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
DMZ	Click the radio button to enable or disable the DMZ function.
IP	Enter the IP address to designate a static IP address as the DMZ target.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.4.4 Security

### 6.4.4.1 Filter

The firewall is a system or group of systems that enforce an access control policy between two networks. It may also be defined as a mechanism used to protect a trusted network from an un-trusted network. The device has capabilities of Source IP Filtering, Destination IP Filtering, Source Port Filtering, Destination Port Filtering, Port Forwarding as well as DMZ.

Source IP Filtering: The source IP filtering gives users the ability to restrict certain types of data packets from users local network to Internet through the device. Use of such filters can be helpful in securing or restricting users local network.

To access this page, click **Networking Settings > Security > Filter**.

Enabled	Direction	Source IP	Destination IP	Protocol	Source Port	Destination Port	Delete
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	LAN -> WAN	192.168.1.56	192.168.1.210	TCP	5000	8080	Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>	LAN -> WAN			TCP			Delete

Add Apply

Figure 6.11 Networking Settings > Security > Filter

Item	Description
Filter	
Enabled	Click the radio button to enable or disable the Filter policy.
Direction	Click the drop-down menu to select the direction of the data packet traffic for the entry: LAN to WAN, WAN to LAN.
Source IP	Enter the IP address of the sender address.
Destination IP	Enter the IP address of the destination address.
Protocol	Click the drop-down menu to select the protocol type for the entry: TCP, UDP, ICMP.
Source port	Enter the port number of the sender IP address.
Destination port	Enter the port number of the destination IP address.
Delete	Click <b>Delete</b> to remove the entry from the Filter policy.
Add	Click <b>Add</b> to include the entry in the Filter policy.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the policy.



## 6.5 Wireless Settings

### 6.5.1 Basic

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Basic**.

The screenshot shows the 'Basic Wireless Settings' interface. It is organized into two main sections: 'Wireless Network' and 'Operation Frequency'.  
In the 'Wireless Network' section:  
- 'Operation Mode' is a dropdown menu set to 'Client'.  
- 'SSID' is a text input field containing 'EKI-1361-MB'.  
- 'BSSID' is a text input field containing '00:D0:C9:FE:E6:D3', with a 'Scan AP' button to its right.  
- 'Management Frame Protection' has three radio buttons: 'Enable', 'Disable' (which is selected), and 'Optional'.  
In the 'Operation Frequency' section:  
- 'Country Code' is a dropdown menu set to 'US (United States)'.  
- 'Channel Selection' is a dropdown menu set to 'Auto'.  
- 'Channel Bandwidth' is a dropdown menu set to '11n - HT 40'.  
An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom of the 'Operation Frequency' section.

**Figure 6.12 Wireless Settings > Basic**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Wireless Network</b>	
Operation Mode	The available operation mode is Client.
SSID	Enter the name to distinguish it from other networks in your neighborhood.
BSSID	Display the MAC address of the device.
Management Frame Protection	Click the to enable, disable, or set as optional the Management Frame Protection. The feature functions to protect against forged management frame spoofs, which disrupt valid user sessions.
<b>Operation frequency</b>	
Country Code	Click the drop-down menu to select the country code to specify different selectable channels. Available options: US (United States), Germany, France, China and Japan. Some specific channels and/or operational frequency bands are country dependent.
Channel Selection	Click the drop-down menu to select Auto (default) or Manual. The Auto selection allows the device to select a band. The Manual selection provides access to a selection of the option band (2.4G / 5G).
Channel Bandwidth	Click the drop-down menu to select the band and channel bandwidth.
Channel / Frequency	Select the 2.4 or 5G wireless frequency to the least congested channel. The available settings on a 2.4G setting are 2.412 GHz to 2.462 GHz. For 5G, the available settings are 5.18 GHz to 5.825 GHz.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.5.2 Advanced

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Advanced**.

**Figure 6.13 WLAN > Advanced**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

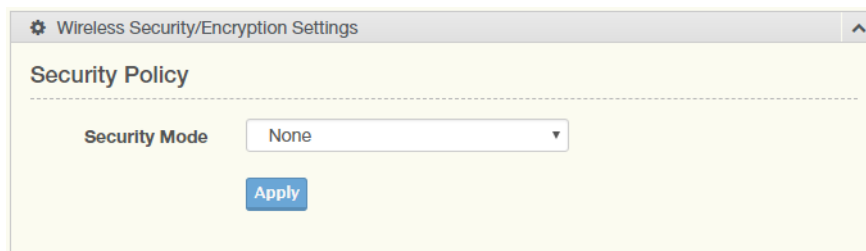
Item	Description
<b>Client Settings</b>	
Roam	Click to enable or disable (default) the Roam function allowing clients to move faster between SSIDs. When fast Roam is enabled, the client entry is not cleared and the delay is not enforced. With Roam disabled, a delay is enforced before clients are allowed to move between SSID.
RSSI threshold	Enter the value to designate the transmit power setting (range 1 - 75, default 65). A higher value causes the access points to operate at higher transmit power rates. A lower value results in lowered transmit power rates.
RSSI hysteresis	Enter the value to indicate how much greater the signal strength of an access point must be to roam to it. Range: 3 to 20 dB (default: 3 dB).
Scan interval(high)	The interval time during an active RSSI > RSSI threshold scan, background scan. The default is 120 seconds.
Scan interval(low)	The interval time during a local RSSI <RSSI Threshold scan. The default is 15 seconds

Item	Description
Watchdog	<p>Click to set the Watchdog policy to Disable (default), Disassociate, Ping.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Disable: Select to disable the Watchdog function (Default).</li> <li>■ Disassociate: This disassociates the client after a period of time if the client is not re-associated to another AP.</li> <li>■ Ping: Continuously ping a specific remote host for connection status using a user-defined IP address. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Watchdog Action: If the target IP address cannot be pinged the designated action (Restart WLAN, Reboot, Force re-association) will be taken.</li> <li>– Ping Target: Enter the specific remote host for connection.</li> <li>– Ping Waittime: Enter the time delay (in seconds) between two continuous ping packets in a Ping interval.</li> <li>– Ping Loss Counter: Enter the variable to define the number of failed ping count(s) that the device can send continuously. If the value is exceeded, the Action is initiated.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
<b>Advanced WLAN Setting</b>	
Transmission Power	Click the drop-down menu to set the transmission power. Settings: Full, Half, Quarter.
Short Guard Interval	Click the drop-down menu to enable/disable the short guard interval. In 802.11 operation, the guard interval is 800ns. The short guard interval time is 400ns to allow for an increased throughput.
Submit	Click <b>Submit</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.5.3 Security

### 6.5.3.1 Security Mode None

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Security**.



**Figure 6.14 Wireless Settings > Security**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Security Policy</b>	
Security Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the encryption when communication. Available options: None, WEP, WPA-Personal and WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. If data encryption is enabled, the key is required and only sharing the same key with other wireless devices can the communication be established.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.5.3.2 Security Mode WEP

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Security > Security Mode > WEP**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring wireless security. The title bar reads "Wireless Security/Encryption Settings". Under the "Security Policy" section, the "Security Mode" is set to "WEP". Below this, the "Wire Equivalence Protection (WEP)" section contains a "Default Key Index" dropdown menu set to "Key 1". There are four "WEP Key" fields (Key 1 through Key 4), each with a text input box and a dropdown menu set to "ASCII". Each key field also has an "Unmask" checkbox. At the bottom of the WEP section is an "Apply" button.

**Figure 6.15 Security Mode > WEP**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Security Policy</b>	
Security Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the encryption when communication. Available options: None, WEP, WPA-Personal and WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. If data encryption is enabled, the key is required and only sharing the same key with other wireless devices can the communication be established.
<b>Wire Equivalence Protection (WEP)</b>	
Default Key Index	Click the drop-down menu to select one of the four defined key indexes as defined by the WEP Key # fields in the following
WEP Key 1	Enter up to four WEP keys. Enter a string of characters dependent on the key type: ASCII -- Upper and lower case alphabetic letters, the numeric digits, and special symbols such as @ and #. Hex -- Digits 0 to 9 and the letters A to F. Click <b>Unmask</b> to view the password entry.
WEP Key 2	
WEP Key 3	
WEP Key 4	
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.5.3.3 Security Mode WPA-Personal

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Security > Security Mode > WPA-Personal**.

The screenshot shows a web interface titled "Wireless Security/Encryption Settings". It is divided into two sections: "Security Policy" and "WPA Pre-shared Key".

- Security Policy:** A dropdown menu labeled "Security Mode" is set to "WPA-Personal".
- WPA Pre-shared Key:**
  - A dropdown menu labeled "WPA Version" is set to "WPA1+WPA2".
  - A dropdown menu labeled "WPA Cipher" is set to "TKIP+AES".
  - A text input field labeled "Pass Phrase" is empty.
  - A checkbox labeled "Unmask" is unchecked.
  - A blue "Apply" button is located at the bottom.

**Figure 6.16 Security Mode > WPA-Personal**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Security Policy</b>	
Security Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the encryption when communication. Available options: None, WEP, WPA-Personal and WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. If data encryption is enabled, the key is required and only sharing the same key with other wireless devices can the communication be established.
<b>WPA Pre-shared Key</b>	
WPA Version	Click the drop-down menu to designate the specific authentication type. Settings: WPA1+WPA2, WPA1, WPA2.
WPA Cipher	Click the drop-down menu to apply the encryption. Settings: TKIP+AES, TKIP, AES.
Pass Phrase	Enter the a unique password to define the passphrase for authentication access. Click <b>Unmask</b> to view the password entry.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.5.3.4 Security Mode WPA/WPA2-Enterprise

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Security > Security Mode > WPA/WPA2-Enterprise**.

The screenshot shows the 'Wireless Security/Encryption Settings' window. Under the 'Security Policy' section, the 'Security Mode' is set to 'WPA/WPA2-Enterprise'. Under the 'WPA/WPA2 Enterprise' section, the 'EAP Type' is set to 'EAP-TLS'. There are three text input fields for 'Identity', 'CA Certificate', and 'Private Key Password'. Each of these fields has a 'Choose File' button, a 'No ...sen' button, and an 'Upload' button. There is also an 'Unmask' checkbox and an 'Apply' button at the bottom.

**Figure 6.17 Security Mode > WPA/WPA2-Enterprise**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Security Policy</b>	
Security Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the encryption when communication. Available options: None, WEP, WPA-Personal and WPA/WPA2-Enterprise. If data encryption is enabled, the key is required and only sharing the same key with other wireless devices can the communication be established.
<b>WPA/WPA2 Enterprise</b>	
EAT Type	Click to select the authentication method used to authenticate the certificate setting. Settings: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ EAP-TLS</li> <li>■ EAP-PEAP</li> <li>■ EAP-TTLS</li> </ul>
Identity	Enter the identity of the server to which is going to be connected.
CA Certificate	Click the <b>Choose File</b> to select the certification file. Once selected, click <b>Upload</b> to complete the process.
Client Certificate	Click the <b>Choose File</b> to select the client side certificate file. Once selected, click <b>Upload</b> to complete the process.
Private Key	Click the <b>Choose File</b> to select the file containing the private key. Once selected, click <b>Upload</b> to complete the process.
Private Key Password	Enter the private key that serves as the password for the identified server. Click <b>Unmask</b> to view the password entry.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.5.4 Statistics

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Statistics**.

Overview	
Information Name	Information Value
Mode	Client
SSID	EKI-1361
Channel / Frequency	

Receive Statistics	
Information Name	Information Value
BSSID	
Signal Level	dBm

Wlan status	
Information Name	Information Value
TX packets	0
TX bytes	0
RX packets	0
RX bytes	0

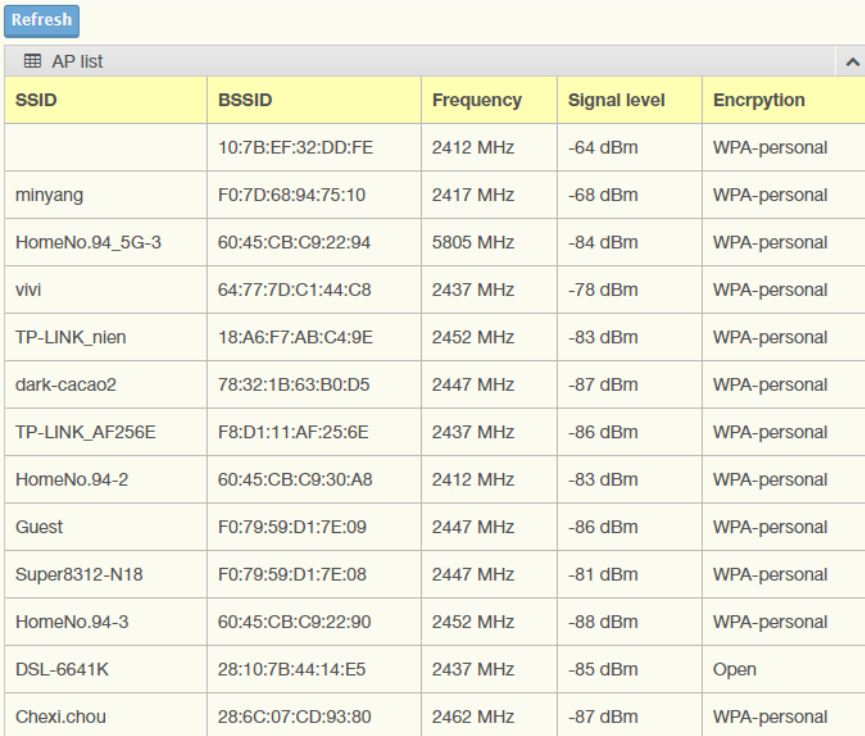
**Figure 6.18 Wireless Settings > Statistics**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Overview</b>	
Mode	Display the current operation mode of the device.
SSID	Display the SSID.
Channel / Frequency	Display the current channel / frequency of the device.
<b>Receive Statistics</b>	
BSSID	Displays the basic service set identifier (BSSID), access point unique MAC address.
Signal Level	Displays the power level measure in decibel-milliwatts of the listed BSSID.
<b>Wlan status</b>	
TX packets	Display the current Tx packets.
TX bytes	Display the current Tx bytes.
RX packets	Display the current Rx packets.
RX bytes	Display the current Rx bytes.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.5.5 Site Survey

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Site Survey**.



SSID	BSSID	Frequency	Signal level	Encryption
	10:7B:EF:32:DD:FE	2412 MHz	-64 dBm	WPA-personal
minyong	F0:7D:68:94:75:10	2417 MHz	-68 dBm	WPA-personal
HomeNo.94_5G-3	60:45:CB:C9:22:94	5805 MHz	-84 dBm	WPA-personal
vivi	64:77:7D:C1:44:C8	2437 MHz	-78 dBm	WPA-personal
TP-LINK_nien	18:A6:F7:AB:C4:9E	2452 MHz	-83 dBm	WPA-personal
dark-cacao2	78:32:1B:63:B0:D5	2447 MHz	-87 dBm	WPA-personal
TP-LINK_AF256E	F8:D1:11:AF:25:6E	2437 MHz	-86 dBm	WPA-personal
HomeNo.94-2	60:45:CB:C9:30:A8	2412 MHz	-83 dBm	WPA-personal
Guest	F0:79:59:D1:7E:09	2447 MHz	-86 dBm	WPA-personal
Super8312-N18	F0:79:59:D1:7E:08	2447 MHz	-81 dBm	WPA-personal
HomeNo.94-3	60:45:CB:C9:22:90	2452 MHz	-88 dBm	WPA-personal
DSL-6641K	28:10:7B:44:14:E5	2437 MHz	-85 dBm	Open
Chexi.chou	28:6C:07:CD:93:80	2462 MHz	-87 dBm	WPA-personal

**Figure 6.19 Wireless Settings > Site Survey**

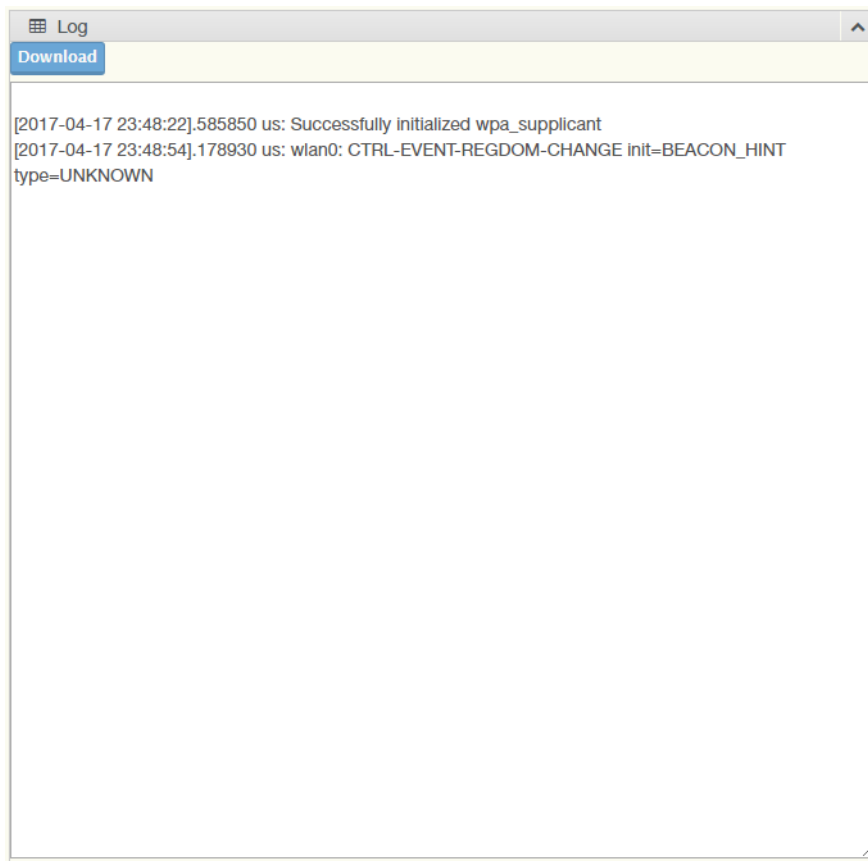
The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Refresh	Click <b>Refresh</b> to update the screen.



## 6.5.6 Log

To access this page, click **Wireless Settings > Log**.



**Figure 6.20 Wireless Settings > Log**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Download	Click <b>Download</b> to download the log file.

## 6.6 Port Configuration

The serial port configuration menu has Basic, Operation Mode, and Advanced Settings.

### 6.6.1 Basic

The Basic menu allows for the configuration of the serial interface type, baud rate, parity, data / stop bits, and flow control for port configuration.

To access this page, click **Port Configuration > Port 1 > Basic**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for 'Port Basic Configuration'. At the top, there are two tabs: 'Basic' (selected) and 'Operation'. Below the tabs is a title bar with a gear icon and the text 'Port Basic Configuration'. The main area contains six configuration items, each with a label and a drop-down menu:

- Type: RS232
- Baud Rate: 9600
- Parity: None
- Data Bits: 8
- Stop Bits: 1
- Flow Control: None

At the bottom of the configuration area is a blue 'Apply' button.

**Figure 6.21 Port Configuration > Port 1 > Basic**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Type	Click the drop-down menu to select a serial interface: RS232, RS422 or RS485.
Baud Rate	Enter a value to specify the baud rate. The value should conform to the current transmission speeds of connected devices when setting the baud rate.
Parity	Click the drop-down menu to select the parity: None, Odd, Even, Mark or Space.
Data Bits	Click the drop-down menu to select the data bits: 5, 6, 7, or 8.
Stop Bits	Click the drop-down menu to select the stop bits: 1, 1.5 or 2.
Flow Control	Click the drop-down menu to select the flow control mode: None, Xon/Xoff or RTS/CTS
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.6.2 Operation

The Operation menu allows for the configuration of the mode type and related attributes for port configuration.

To access this page, click **Port Configuration > Port 1 > Operation**.

The screenshot shows the 'Port Operation Configuration' window. It features two tabs: 'Basic' and 'Operation'. The 'Operation' tab is active. The configuration area includes the following fields:

- Mode:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'Modbus Slave Mode'.
- Protocol:** A dropdown menu currently set to 'RTU'.
- Slave Timeout(ms):** A text input field containing '3000', with a range indicator '(0 - 60000)' to its right.
- Delay Time(ms):** A text input field containing '0', with a range indicator '(0 - 60000)' to its right.
- ASCII Timeout(ms):** A disabled text input field, with a range indicator '(0 - 60000)' to its right.

Below these fields is a section titled 'Peer for Receiving Data' separated by a dashed line. It contains a 'Peer Number' dropdown menu set to '0'. At the bottom of the configuration area is a blue 'Apply' button.

**Figure 6.22 Port Configuration > Port 1 > Operation**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Mode	Click the drop-down menu to select the mode type: Modbus Master Mode, Modbus Slave mode.
Protocol	Click the drop-down menu to select the protocol type: RTU, ASCII.
Master Timeout(ms)	Enter the value in milliseconds to designate the timeout duration.
Frame Break(ms)	If ASCII in Protocol is selected, enter the value in milliseconds to designate the break duration.
<b>Peer for Receiving Data</b>	
Peer Number	Click the drop-down menu to select the peer number receiving the data.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.7 Monitor

The EKI-1360-BE Series device server allows monitoring of the serial ports' status. The serial port's operation mode and status is available for display. The IP address of the host PC which is communicating with serial port is also displayed.

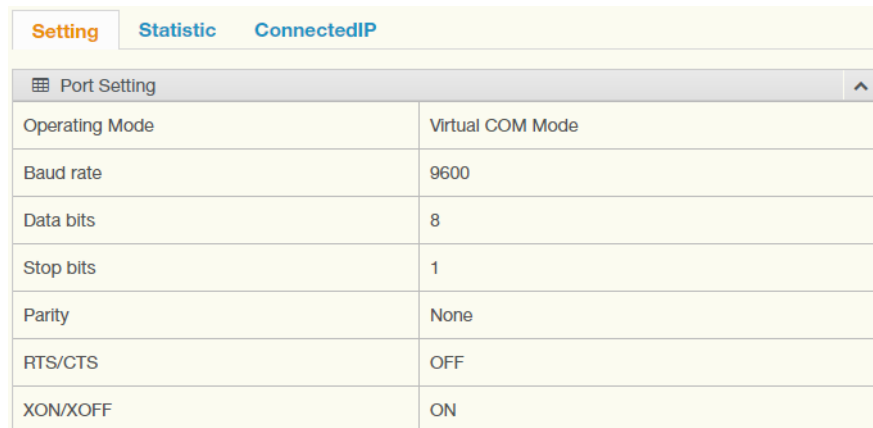
The Monitor function provides a method to monitor the serial device server's status (operation mode, baud rate, data bits, stop bits, parity and RTS/XON/DTR).

Monitoring information is divided into three main message types: Setting/Statistic/Connected IP.

### 6.7.1 Setting

The Monitor Setting page allows for easy viewing of the port's statistics.

To access this page, click **Monitor > Port 1 > Setting**.



The screenshot shows a web interface with three tabs: 'Setting' (selected), 'Statistic', and 'ConnectedIP'. Below the tabs is a table titled 'Port Setting' with the following data:

Port Setting	
Operating Mode	Virtual COM Mode
Baud rate	9600
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Parity	None
RTS/CTS	OFF
XON/XOFF	ON

**Figure 6.23 Monitor > Port 1 > Setting**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Operation Mode	Display the current operation mode of the selected port.
Baud Rate	Display the current baud rate of the selected port.
Data Bits	Display the current data bits of the selected port.
Stop Bits	Display the current stop bits of the selected port.
Parity	Display the current parity of the selected port.
RTS/CTS	Display the current RTS/CTS status of the selected port.
XON/XOFF	Display the current XON/OFF status of the selected port.

## 6.7.2 Statistic

The Monitor Statistic page allows for easy viewing of the port's TX/RX data count. To access this page, click **Monitor > Statistic**.



The screenshot shows a web interface with three tabs: 'Setting', 'Statistic', and 'ConnectedIP'. The 'Statistic' tab is active. Below the tabs is a table titled 'Port Statistic' with a scroll bar on the right. The table contains the following data:

Port Statistic	
Tx Count	0
Rx Count	0
Total Tx Count	0
Total Rx Count	0
RTS	ON
CTS	OFF
DTR	ON
DSR	OFF
DCD	OFF

**Figure 6.24 Monitor > Statistic**

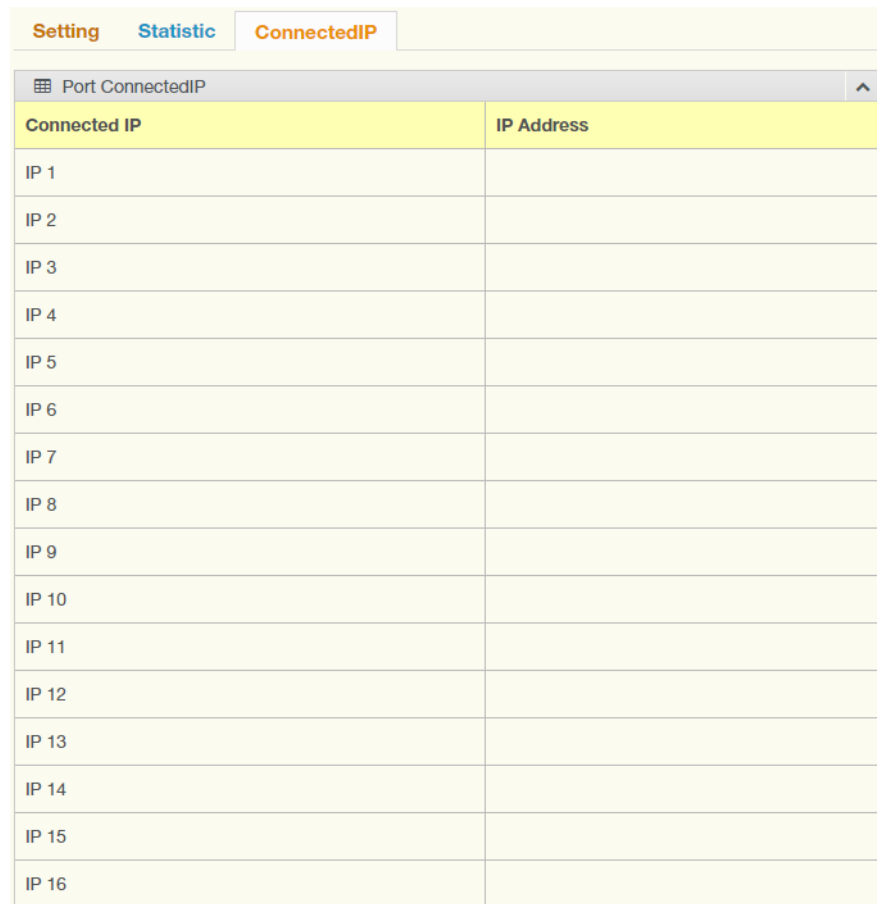
The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Tx Count	Display the current Tx count of the selected port.
Rx Count	Display the current Rx count of the selected port.
Total Tx Count	Display the current total Tx count of the selected port.
Total Rx Count	Display the current total Rx count of the selected port.
RTS	Display the current RTS status of the selected port.
CTS	Display the current CTS status of the selected port.
DTR	Display the current DTR status of the selected port.
DSR	Display the current DSR status of the selected port.
DCD	Display the current DCD status of the selected port.

## 6.7.3 Connected IP

The Monitor Connected IP page allows for easy viewing of all connected device's IP address.

To access this page, click **Monitor > Connected IP**.



Connected IP	IP Address
IP 1	
IP 2	
IP 3	
IP 4	
IP 5	
IP 6	
IP 7	
IP 8	
IP 9	
IP 10	
IP 11	
IP 12	
IP 13	
IP 14	
IP 15	
IP 16	

**Figure 6.25 Monitor > Connected IP**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Connected IP	Display the IP designation for the device.
IP Address	Display the current connected IP address of the selected port.

## 6.8 Alarm

You can set the e-mail server and SNMP Trap server in the Setting page, and set the event type in the Event page.

### 6.8.1 Setting

The Alarm Setting menu includes three alarm setting menus for event notification: Mail Sever, SNMP Trap Server, and the SNMP Agent Setting.

At the top of the list is the Mail Server setting which allows you to specify the mail server to be used by the serial device server in order to deliver notifications to selected Email accounts.

The SNMP Trap Server settings allows you to specify the management station of a significant event by way of an unsolicited SNMP message.

The Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is used by the serial device server to collect detailed information about the serial device server.

To access this page, click **Alarm > Setting**.

The screenshot shows the 'Alarm Setting' configuration page. It is divided into three sections:

- Mail Server:** Includes a 'Mail Server' text box, a 'From Email address' text box containing 'admin@advantech.com', and four 'Email address' text boxes (1-4).
- SNMP Trap Server:** Includes a 'Trap Server' text box, a 'Trap Server Port' text box containing '162' with '(1 - 65535)' to its right, 'Trap Version' radio buttons for 'v1' (selected) and 'v2c', and a 'Trap Community' text box containing 'public'.
- SNMP Agent Setting:** Includes text boxes for 'Read Community', 'Write Community', 'Contact', and 'Location'.

An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom center of the form.

Figure 6.26 Alarm > Setting

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Mail Server</b>	
Mail Server	Enter the SMTP mail server.
From Email address	Enter the email address.
Email address 1	Enter the email address 1 to receive alarm emails.
Email address 2	Enter the email address 2 to receive alarm emails.
Email address 3	Enter the email address 3 to receive alarm emails.
Email address 4	Enter the email address 4 to receive alarm emails.
<b>SNMP Trap Server</b>	
Trap Server	Enter the SNMP Trap server address.
Trap Server Port	Enter the SNMP Trap server port.
Trap Version	Click the radio button to select the SNMP version credentials: v1 or v2c.
Trap Community	Enter the community string to be passed for the specified event.
<b>SNMP Agent Setting</b>	
Read Community	Enter the read-only, public, community string.
Write Community	Enter the write-only, private, community string.
Contact	Enter the individual designated the contact point for this event.
Location	Enter the designated location/department of the setting.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.8.2 Event

The Alarm Event page allows the selection of triggers for system, DCD and DSR events for the alarm function.

To access this page, click **Alarm > Event**.

The screenshot shows a web interface for configuring alarm events. It is titled "Event Type" and has a gear icon in the top left corner. The interface is divided into three main sections, each separated by a dashed line:

- System Event:**
  - Cold Start:  Mail  Trap  Log
  - Warm Start:  Mail  Trap  Log
  - Authentication failure:  Mail  Trap  Log
  - IP address changed:  Mail
  - Password changed:  Mail
  - LAN interface 1 link down:  Mail  Trap  Log
- DCD changed:**
  - Port 1:  Mail  Trap  Log
- DSR changed:**
  - Port 1:  Mail  Trap  Log

At the bottom center of the page, there is a blue button labeled "Apply".

Figure 6.27 Alarm > Event

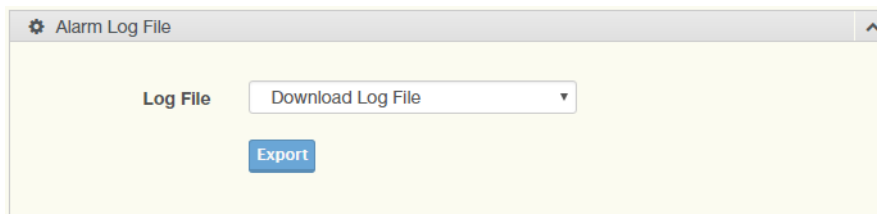


The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>System Event</b>	
Cold Start	Click the option to select a warning type when the device server's power is cut off and reconnected.
Warm Start	Click the option to select a warning type when the device server is reboot.
Authentication failure	Click the option to select a warning type when an incorrect password is entered.
IP address changed	Click the option to select a warning type when the IP address is changed.
Password changed	Click the option to select a warning type when the password is changed.
LAN Interface 1 link down	Click the option to select a warning type when the LAN Interface 1 port is disconnected.
<b>DCD changed</b>	
Port	Click the option to select a warning type of the selected port when a change in the DCD (Data Carrier Detect) signal indicates that the modem connection status has changed.
<b>DSR changed</b>	
Port	Click the option to select a warning type of the selected port when a change in the DSR (Data Set Ready) signal indicates that the data communication equipment is powered off.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.8.3 LogFile

To access this page, click **Alarm > LogFile**.



**Figure 6.28 Alarm > LogFile**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

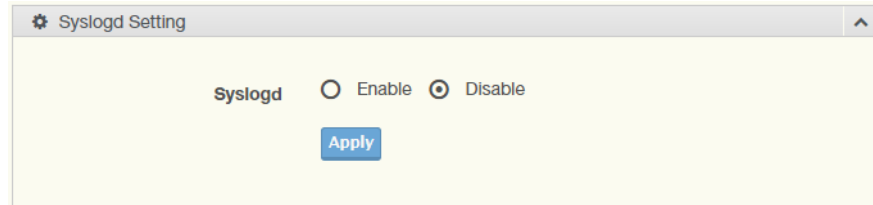
Item	Description
Log File	Click the drop-down menu to select a specific action for the system log file. Available options: Download Log File, Remove Log File, Download and Remove Log File.
Export	Click <b>Export</b> to download the log file.

## 6.9 Administration

### 6.9.1 Syslog

Users can enable the syslogd function to record historical events or messages locally or on a remote syslog server.

To access this page, click **Administration > Syslogd**.



**Figure 6.29 Administration > Syslogd**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Syslogd	Click <b>Enabled</b> or <b>Disabled</b> to set the logging service status.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

### 6.9.2 Modbus IP Mapping

To access this page, click **Administration > Modbus Port Mapping**.

IP Address	Port	Dropped Packets
	-	-

**Figure 6.30 Administration > Modbus Port Mapping**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
IP Address	Displays the IP address of mapped modbus device.
Port	Displays the port of mapped modbus device.
Dropped Packets	Displays the number of dropped packets through the mapped modbus device.

### 6.9.3 Modbus Port Mapping

To access this page, click **Administration > Modbus Port Mapping**.

ID	Response Time (msec)
----	----------------------

**Figure 6.31 Administration > Modbus Port Mapping**

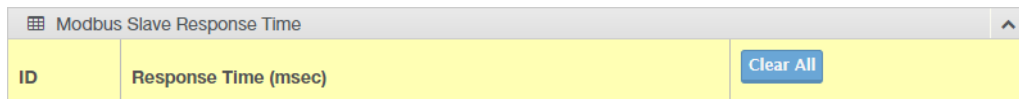
The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
ID	Displays the identifier of the slave device.
Response Time (msec)	Displays the response time of the identified slave device.

Item	Description
Clear All	Click to clear the response time list.

## 6.9.4 Modbus Slave Response

To access this page, click **Administration > Modbus Slave Response**.



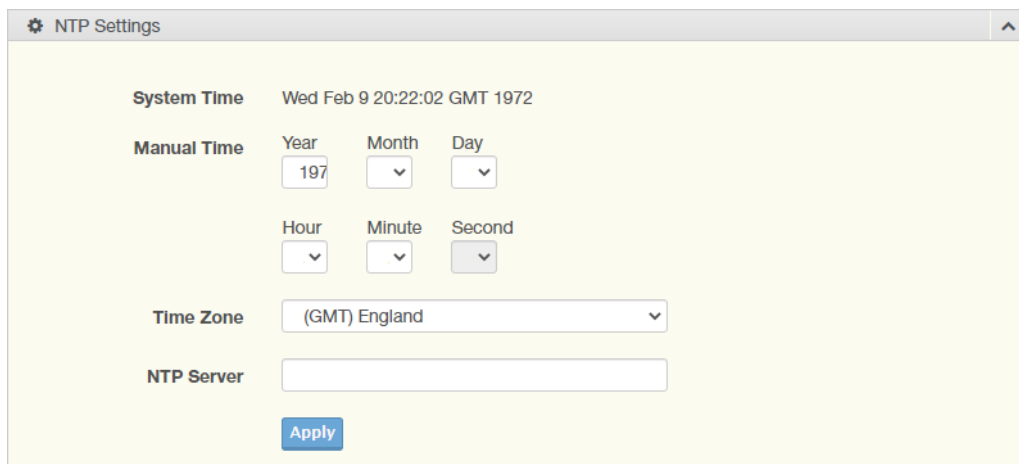
**Figure 6.32 Administration > Modbus Slave Response**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
ID	Displays the identifier of the slave device.
Response Time (msec)	Displays the response time of the identified slave device.
Clear All	Click to clear the response time list.

## 6.9.5 NTP / Time

To access this page, click **Administration > NTP / Time**.



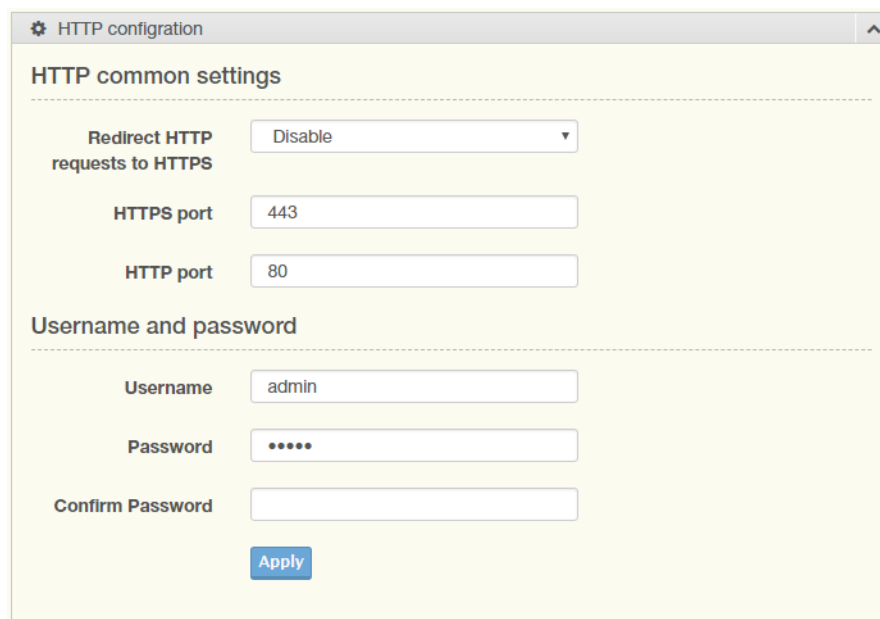
**Figure 6.33 Administration > NTP / Time**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
System Time	Displays the current System Time.
Manual Time	If NTP Service is disabled, manually enter the NTP settings. Settings: Year, Month, Day, Hour, Minute, Seconds.
NTP Service	Click the drop-down menu to enable the NTP server.
Time Zone	Click the drop-down menu to select a system time zone.
NTP Server	Enter the address of the SNTP server.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.9.6 HTTP

To access this page, click **Administration > HTTP**.



The screenshot shows a web interface titled "HTTP configuration". It is divided into two main sections: "HTTP common settings" and "Username and password".

**HTTP common settings:**

- Redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS:** A drop-down menu currently set to "Disable".
- HTTPS port:** A text input field containing "443".
- HTTP port:** A text input field containing "80".

**Username and password:**

- Username:** A text input field containing "admin".
- Password:** A text input field with masked characters (dots).
- Confirm Password:** An empty text input field.

At the bottom of the form is a blue "Apply" button.

**Figure 6.34 Administration > HTTP**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>HTTP common settings</b>	
Redirect HTTP requests to HTTPS	Click the drop-down menu to enable or disable the function. By default the function is disabled. When enabled, a NAT setting and Open Ports can be setup to direct connection requests to an internal server.
HTTPS port	Enter the port to forward HTTPS traffic, default: 443.
HTTP port	Enter the port to forward HTTP traffic, default: 80.
<b>Username and password</b>	
Username	Enter the name of the user entry.
Password	Enter the character set for the define password type.
Confirm Password	Retype the password entry to confirm the profile password.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.9.7 Scheduler

To access this page, click **Administration > Scheduler**.

**Figure 6.35 Administration > Scheduler**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Reboot	Click to enable or disable the Reboot scheduled function.
Time	Click to enable or disable the daily reboot schedule. Alternatively, disable Everyday to manually select a specific day and hour/minutes of the week to schedule the reboot.
Apply	Click <b>Apply</b> to save the values and update the screen.

## 6.9.8 Configuration

To access this page, click **Administration > Configuration**.

**Figure 6.36 Administration > Configuration**

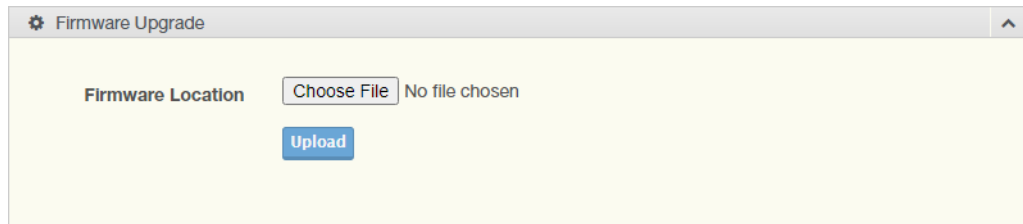
The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Export Configuration</b>	
Export	Click <b>Export</b> to export the device settings.
<b>Import Configuration</b>	
Choose File	Click <b>Choose File</b> to select the configuration file.

Item	Description
Import	Click <b>Import</b> to import the configuration to the device.
Cancel	Click <b>Cancel</b> to cancel the import function.
<b>Load Factory Defaults</b>	
Load Default	Click <b>Load Default</b> to have all configuration parameters reset to their factory default values. All changes that have been made will be lost, even if you have issued a save.

## 6.9.9 Firmware Upgrade

To access this page, click **Administration > Firmware Upgrade**.



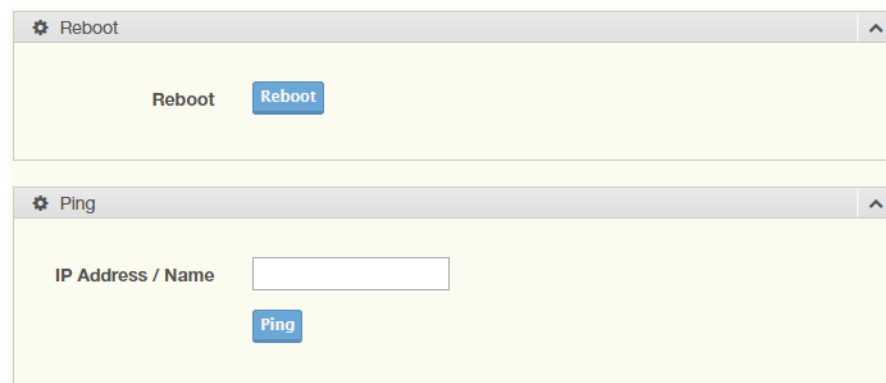
**Figure 6.37 Administration > Firmware Upgrade**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
Choose File	Click <b>Choose File</b> to select the configuration file.
Upload	Click <b>Upload</b> to upload to the current version.

## 6.9.10 Tools

To access this page, click **Administration > Tools**.



**Figure 6.38 Administration > Tools**

The following table describes the items in the previous figure.

Item	Description
<b>Reboot</b>	
Reboot	Click <b>Reboot</b> to reboot the device. Any configuration changes you have made since the last time you issued a save will be lost.
<b>Ping</b>	

Item	Description
IP Address / Name	Enter the IP address or host name of the station to ping. The initial value is blank. The IP Address or host name you enter is not retained across a power cycle. Host names are composed of series of labels concatenated with periods. Each label must be between 1 and 63 characters long, maximum of 64 characters.
Ping	Click <b>Ping</b> to display ping result for the IP address.

# Chapter 7

Telnet/Serial Console  
Configuration



## 7.1 Overview

The purpose of the Console Configuration is to help you manage your device in console mode. One of the main functions of the console mode is to change the web configuration login password. You can use terminal software like Hyper Terminal, Telix and other related terminal software.

## 7.2 Telnet Console

### 7.2.1 Create a new connection

You can create a new Telnet connection and assign a connection name for the console configuration.



**Figure 7.1 Creating a Telnet Connection**

## 7.2.2 Input the IP address

Confirm that the Telnet console configuration works ok. Be sure that your host PC Ethernet network IP domain is as same as the EKI-1360-BE Series device server, and the Telnet TCP port number is “23”.

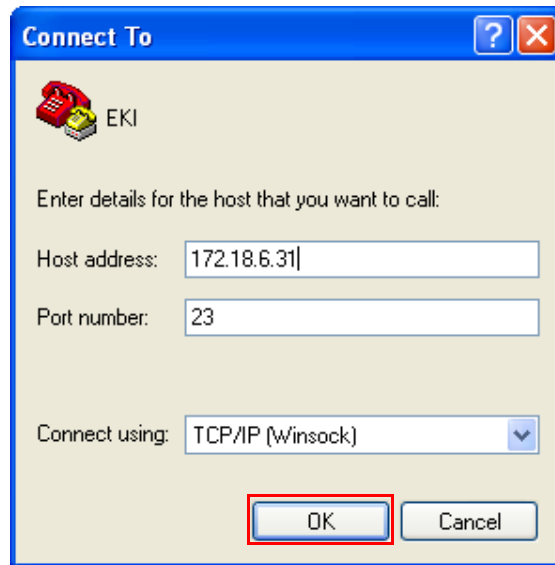


Figure 7.2 Creating a Telnet Connection

## 7.2.3 Connection Success

After connecting to the serial device server in HyperTerminal console, a welcome greeting displays.

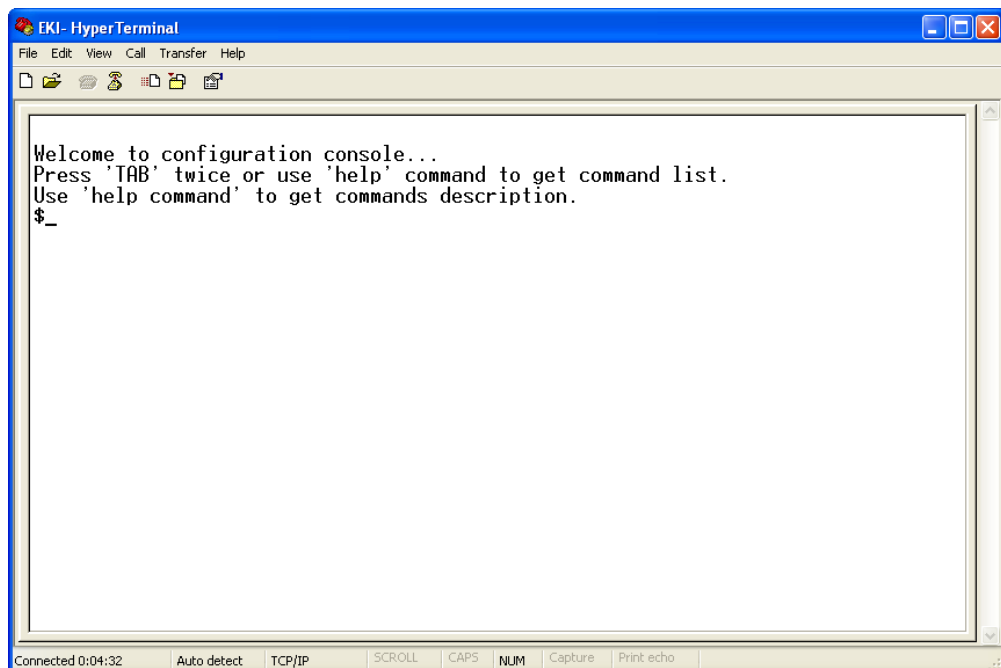


Figure 7.3 Telnet Connection Console

At the command prompt, you can type a “help” followed by the Enter button, or <Tab> twice, to display the command list.

You can toggle between the different command menu options.

## 7.3 Command List

Command	Function Description
system	Show or configure the system information
port	Show or configure the serial ports information
portadv	Show or configure the serial ports advanced settings
mvcom	Show or configure the serial ports in Virtual COM mode
mctrl	Show or configure the serial ports in Control mode (USDG)
mdata	Show or configure the serial ports in Data mode (USDG)
net	Show or configure the Ethernet ports settings
password	Set or change the password
alarm	Show or configure the auto warning functions including mail alarm and SNMP alarm
monitor	Monitor the serial ports status
time	Show or configure the time information
service	Enable or disable the web, Telnet and SNMP functions
apply	Write settings to the flash memory and reboot the system immediately
exit	Terminate the shell session
help	Display command list help information
import	Import the serial device server all settings
export	Export the serial device server all settings
wireless	Show or configure the wireless settings or informations
wirelessadv	Show or configure the advanced wireless settings or informations

### 7.3.1 system

Usage: system

Show firmware version, device name and description.

Usage: system name [Maximum length 31 bytes]

Set current device name.

Usage: system desc [Maximum length 127 bytes]

Set current device description.

### 7.3.2 port

Usage: port [nn|all]

Show the “nn”<sup>th</sup> port or all ports information.

Usage: port [nn] desc [Maximum length 127 bytes]

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> port’s description.

Usage: port [nn|all] type [232|422|485] flow [0|1|2|3]

Set serial ports’ type and flow control.

- flow 0: None.
- flow 1: XOn/XOff.
- flow 2: RTS/CTS.
- flow 3: DTR/DSR.

Usage: port [nn|all] baud [50-921600] parity [n|e|o|m|s] data [5-8] stop [1|1.5|2]

Set the serial ports' baud rate, parity, data bits, and stop bits.

Acceptable baud: 50, 75, 110, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 1800, 2400, 4800, 7200, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400, 460800, and 921600

- parity n: None Parity.
- parity e: Even Parity.
- parity o: Odd Parity.
- parity m: Mark Parity.
- parity s: Space Parity.

Usage: port [nn|all] mode [vcom|ctrl|data]

Set the serial ports as virtual COM mode, control mode, or data mode.

### 7.3.3 portadv

\$ help portadv

Show port advanced setting.

Usage: portadv [nn|all] delayT []

Set delay time(ms).

Usage: portadv [nn|all] ignorepurge [TRUE|FALSE] dischato [TRUE|FALSE] dismulticon [TRUE|FALSE]

Enable or disable the feature of ignore purge,  
Disable character timeout detection, and disable multiple connection.

Usage: portadv [nn|all] databuf []

Set databuffer threshold.

Usage: portadv [nn|all] timeout [] rtl [] ttl [] fcl [] fch []

Set port timeout, and set portrtl, portttl, portfcl, portfch.

Usage: portadv [nn|all] fifosize [size|null]

Set port Writed size of FIFO, null for disable

Usage: portadv [nn|all] rts []

Set port RTS status.

- value 0: None Setting.
- value 1: Setting power on.
- value 2: Setting accept on.
- value 4: Setting transmission on.

Usage: portadv [nn|all] dtr []

Set port DTR status.

- value 0: None Setting.
- value 1: Setting power on.
- value 2: Setting accept on.
- value 4: Setting transmission on.

### 7.3.4 mvcom

Usage: mvcom

Show all serial ports mode and related information.

Usage: mvcom [nn|all]

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports as the Virtual COM mode.

Usage: mvcom [nn|all] idletimeout []

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports host idle timeout(S).

Usage: mvcom [nn|all] resptimeout [] framebreak []

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports response timeout and frame break.

### 7.3.5 mctrl

Usage: mctrl

Show all serial ports mode and related information.

Usage: mctrl [nn|all]

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports as the control mode.

Usage: mctrl [nn|all] idletimeout [] guardtime [] hangchr []

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports data idle timeout, guard time and hang character.

### 7.3.6 mdata

Usage: mdata

Show all serial ports mode and related information.

Usage: mdata [nn|all]

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports as the data mode.

Usage: mdata [nn|all] protocol [TCP|UDP]

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports' transmit protocol as TCP or UDP.

Usage: mdata [nn|all] idletimeout [] lport [] atport []

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports data idle timeout, listen port, and AT command port.

Usage: mdata [nn|all] resptimeout [] framebreak []

Set the “nn”<sup>th</sup> or all serial ports response timeout and frame break.

Usage: mdata [nn|all] peerip [1-16] peer [d.d.d.d:d] ...

Set the peer IP address and port for receive data.

### 7.3.7 net

Usage: net [1|2]

Show the first or second Ethernet port status and information.

Usage: net [1|2] mode [static|dhcp|boot|all]

Set the network operating mode.

Usage: net [1|2] ip [d.d.d.d] netmask [d.d.d.d] gw [d.d.d.d]

Set IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway.

Usage: net [1|2] dns [auto|specific]

Enable/Disable DNS.

Usage: net [1|2] dns1 [d.d.d.d]

Set network DNS1.

Usage: net [1|2] dns2 [d.d.d.d]

Set network DNS2.

---

### 7.3.8 password

Usage: password

Display two different Usage.

Usage: password new [1-31 characters]

Set new password.

Usage: password old [\*\*...] new [1-31 characters]

Confirm the old password and set new password.

### 7.3.9 alarm

Usage: alarm

Show current alarm informations.

Usage: alarm mail server [null|address] from [null|address] to1 [null|address] to2 [null|address] to3 [null|address] to4 [null|address]

Set current mail server configuration.

Usage: alarm trap server [null|address] ver [1|2] community [null|name]

Set current trap server configuration.

Usage: alarm agent rcommunity [null|name] wcommunity [null|name] contact [null|name] location [null|name]

Set current snmp agent configuration.

Usage: alarm event mail [cstart] [wstart] [auth] [ip] [passwd] [eth1] [eth2]

Set current mail event configuration.

Usage: alarm event trap [cstart] [wstart] [auth] [eth1] [eth2]

Set current trap event configuration.

Usage: alarm port [1|2|..] dcd [none|mail|trap|all] dsr [none|mail|trap|all]

Set current port alarm configuration.

### 7.3.10 monitor

Usage: monitor port [1-16] setting

Monitor the serial ports settings.

Usage: monitor port [1-16] statistic

Monitor the serial ports statistic.

Usage: monitor port [1-16] ip

Monitor the serial ports connected IP address.

### 7.3.11 time

Usage: time

Show current time informations.

Usage: time [YYYYMMDDhhmmss]

Set current time configuration.

Usage: time timezone[-12|...|0|1..|12]

Set current time zone configuration.

Usage: time daylight [on|off] [begin [MMDD] end [MMDD]]

Set current daylight saving configuration.

Usage: time ntp [timeserver]

Set current time server configuration.

### 7.3.12 **service**

Usage: service web [enable|disable]

Enable/Disable web function.

Usage: service telnet [enable|disable]

Enable/Disable telnet function.

Usage: service snmp [enable|disable]

Enable/Disable SNMP function.

### 7.3.13 **apply**

Usage: apply

Save the settings to the flash memory and reboot the system immediately.

### 7.3.14 **exit**

Usage: exit

Terminate the shell session.

### 7.3.15 **help**

Usage: help

Display help information of command list.

Usage: help [cmd]

Show the usage of command.

### 7.3.16 **import**

Usage: import

Import the serial device server settings' file.

### 7.3.17 **export**

Usage: export

Export the serial device server settings' file.

### 7.3.18 **wireless**

Usage: wireless

Show or configure the wireless settings or informations.

Usage: wireless ssid []

Set SSID.

Usage: wireless country [us|de|fr|es|jp|kr|cn] channel [0|1|...|14]

Set country code and channel.

- us: United States
- de: Germany
- fr: France
- es: Spain
- jp: Japan
- kr: Korea
- cn: China
- channel 0: Auto

---

Usage: wireless encryption [none|wep|wpa-psk|wpa-enterprise]  
Set encryption type.

Usage: wireless wepauth [on|off]  
Set WEP authentication algorithm.

Usage: wireless wepidx [0|1|2|3]  
Set WEP key index.

Usage: wireless wepkey [asc|hex] []  
Set WEP key as [] in specific format.

Usage: wireless wpakey []  
Set WPA-PSK key as [].

Usage: wireless wpaep [tls|ttls|peap]  
Set WPA-Enterprise EAP method.

Usage: wirelesswpa11w [0|1|2]  
Set WPA-Enterprise management frame protected.

- 0: Disable
- 1: Optional
- 2: Required

Usage: wireless wpaid []  
Set WPA-Enterprise identity as [].

Usage: wireless wpapw []  
Set WPA-Enterprise as [].

Usage: wireless wpaphase [mschapv2|md5]  
Set WPA-Enterprise inner authentication.

Usage: wireless capw []  
Set private key as [].

Usage: wireless cacert  
Import the CA certification from host PC to device.

Usage: wireless caclient  
Import the Client certification from host PC to device.

Usage: wireless cakey  
Import the private key from host PC to device.

### 7.3.19 wirelessadv

Usage: wirelessadv  
Show device wireless advance informations.

Usage: wirelessadv rts [256]...[2347]  
Set RTS threshold.

Usage: wirelessadv frag [256]...[2346]  
Set fragmentation threshold.

Usage: wirelessadv roaming [on|off]  
Enable/disable Roaming.

Usage: wirelessadv rssi [10]...[95]  
Set connection quality monitor RSSI threshold.

Usage: wirelessadv preamble [short|long]  
Set preamble.



Usage: wirelessadv scanint\_high [10]...[600]

Set scan interval when received signal strength is better than RSSI threshold.

Usage: wirelessadv scanint\_low [10]...[600]

Set scan interval when received signal strength is worse than RSSI threshold.

# Chapter 8

TCP and UDP Port  
Numbers

## 8.1 List of Known TCP and UDP Port Numbers

Port	Protocol	Service
5048	(TCP/UDP)	Configuration Utility
5058	(TCP/UDP)	Configuration Utility
5202	(TDP)	VCOM/RVCOM
9999	(TDP)	Firmware Download
22	(TDP)	SSH
23	(TDP)	Telnet
25	(TDP)	SMTP (Mail Client)
53	(TCP/UDP)	DNS
67	(UDP)	BOOTP Server/DHCP
68	(UDP)	BOOTP Client/DHCP
80	(TDP)	Web Interface/HTTP
123	(TDP)	NTP
161	(TDP)	SNMP
162	(TCP/UDP)	SNMP Trap
443	(TDP)	HTTPS
502	(TDP)	Modbus/TCP (Default)
514	(TDP)	Syslog
546	(TCP/UDP)	DHCPv6 Client
547	(TCP/UDP)	DHCPv6 Server

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